ALL THE NEWS
EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK
IN THE GAZETTE.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

WEATHER.
Snow and colder Tuesday;
Wednesday probably
fair.

NO. 9103—34TH YEAR. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1906 PRICE FIVE CENTS

INCALCULABLE MORAL WRONG

ATTORNEY HADLEY SCORES STANDARD OIL AND ITS METHODS.

SAYS IF ALL ITS MONEY WERE LEFT TO THE NATION PAST INJUSTICES WOULD NOT BE ATONED.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 12.—Herbert S. Hadley, attorney general [illegible] held him, today in an interview [illegible] New York said that if John D. [illegible] mands [illegible] at his death should [illegible] ators at [illegible] possessions to [illegible] The subject would not atone for [illegible] charges which he alleges the [illegible] shape the company has done [illegible] employ [illegible] country [illegible] was [illegible] ord [illegible] de [illegible]

"[illegible] gree that John D. Rockefeller, on [illegible] with, left all his Standard Oil possessions as a gift to the nation to be in trust perpetually for all the people, what then would the people think of him?" was asked of Mr. Hadley.

"If Rockefeller did that," replied the attorney general, "he would not atone for the almost incalculable moral wrong he has done the country. It would not atone for the distinctly dishonorable and commercially immoral trend the success of Standard Oil methods has given the leading and financial organizations of America. In my own recent investigation, I have had the most positive and actual proof of the demoralizing influence of Standard Oil in Missouri. Railroad preference still exists. It costs 5 cents more to freight oil from St. Louis to Kansas City than it does from Kansas City to St. Louis. But Standard Oil has a refinery in Kansas City. Standard Oil is shipped in iron barrels and independent oil in wooden barrels. Iron barrels are heavier, but the rate on wood barrels is one class higher.

"Railroad officials have been bribed here. The spy system is common. Every trick and turn that can be adopted to evade the law is used without scruple."

FIRE THREATENS FREIGHT STEAMERS

HONOLULU, Feb. 12.—Fire was discovered yesterday morning between the decks on the Hawaiian-American company's steamer Todau, which arrived on Saturday from Puget Sound and is lying at a wharf here. Steam has been pumped into the hold through hatch No. 2 ever since the fire broke out, but without effect. It will probably be necessary to flood the entire compartment with water. The vessel's cargo includes 1,600 barrels of lime and a quantity of shingles. The damage will be considerable and will cause delay, though it is not thought that the vessel is in serious danger.

RESOLUTION ON JEWISH OUTRAGES

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Representative Towne (N. Y.) introduced a resolution today providing that the house shall denounce the outrage on Jews in Russia and express its sympathy with the sufferers and further that the house shall declare a failure of Russia to better the conditions to be either an evidence of the weakness of the empire or the lack of desire on the part of officials to afford relief to the persecuted masses.

MRS. ZEISLER MYSTERIOUS

REUTRNS HOME COMPLETELY EXHAUSTED AFTER AN ABSENCE OF EIGHT HOURS.

RELATIVES AND FRIENDS SCOUR SOUTH CHICAGO FOR THE FAMOUS PIANIST WHO WILL NOT TALK.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—For nearly eight hours today Mrs. Fannie Bloomfield Zeisler, the world famous pianist, was missing from her home, and friends and relatives, together with the police, were searching the south side of the city for her. During the afternoon Mrs. Zeisler returned to her home alone, utterly exhausted. She declined to say where she had been or what she had been doing.

For some time Mrs. Zeisler has been greatly troubled with her eyes, which have failed steadily, and the fear of being compelled to abandon her musical work had so preyed upon her mind that she had become at times subject to periods of melancholia. This morning she eluded her attendants and left the house alone. She was missed within a few minutes and her husband hurried after her. She had disappeared, however, and no trace was found of her until she returned.

Mr. Zeisler said tonight:

"Mrs. Zeisler was very nervous when she returned, being on the verge of collapse. She would not talk about her absence and when I asked where she had been she would only say, 'Walking.' She was assisted to her room and immediately went to sleep. As soon as practicable she will be taken to a sanitarium for [illegible]."

LINCOLN BANQUET

New York Republican Club Gives Dinner---McCleary Discusses Tariff.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The annual Lincoln dinner of the Republican club was held tonight at the Astoria. The 420 men present were seated in the grand ballroom and more than 200 women were served in the Astoria gallery and later heard the speeches from the boxes. The toasts included "Abraham Lincoln," General Horace Porter; "The Republican Party," Representative J. S. Fassett; "Shall the United States Make Its Own Laws," Representative McCleary of Minnesota.

That the United States need not lower the tariff on products now imported from Germany for fear that our export trade to that country would be ruined if such a tariff reduction is not made, was the contention of Mr. McCleary.

"Ten thousand circulars," the speaker said, "are being sent out from Chicago every day by an organization whose object is to stir up the American farmers, especially those of the central west, against our present tariff law.

"One of the cries of this organization is: 'Germany, our second best customer, will be lost to us if we do not make concessions to her.' During the fiscal year 1905 we sold to Germany goods to the value of $212,898,329."

To show that this market would not be entirely lost, Mr. McCleary said that American products to the value of $120,000,000 which were exported to Germany last year will remain on the free list of the new German tariff law. Cotton is among these products. Another line of articles, amounting to $26,000,000 of our total German exports, he said, would pay only one rate of duty under the new law, giving American exporters an equal competitive opportunity with foreign traders for this $26,000,000 worth of commerce.

"Inasmuch as this Chicago organization," continued Mr. McCleary, "is directing its energies toward trying to make our farmers of the middle west feel that they are going to suffer greatly if we do not do something for Germany [illegible]

Aside from something less than $[illegible] worth of meat which we cannot well get anywhere else Germany took only $[illegible] worth of meat from us last year," continued Mr. McCleary. "The Chicago organization is trying to make the farmers of our farmers water by talking of a market over there for meat products to the value of from $50,000,000 to $100,000,000 per year."

Mr. McCleary concluded by asserting that if the United States could secure for Germany all the meats that she buys from the entire world, our sales would average less than $10,000,000 a year.

PREPARED FOR CONFERENCE

PRESIDENT MITCHELL OF THE UNITED MINE WORKERS OF AMERICA BUSY.

IMPORTANT MEETING OPENS ON THURSDAY—DECLINES TO DISCUSS PATRICK DOLAN.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America who arrived here Sunday night to prepare for the conference on Thursday between the mine workers of the anthracite region and their employers, spent a busy day at the headquarters in the Ashland house, arranging his program for the meeting. The miners' president brought with him from Indianapolis a large trunk filled with documents and statistics relating to the hard coal industry in Pennsylvania which he will use at the conference.

Mr. Mitchell declined to discuss the anthracite coal situation so far as it related to the miners union in advance of the meeting with the operators. Neither would he talk of the conditions in the west.

Mr. Mitchell was in conference tonight with the presidents of the three anthracite districts, T. D. Nicholas, William H. Detery and John Fahy, who will take up most of the time between now and Thursday in the work of perfecting the demands or propositions to be laid before the coal miners. No inkling of the exact nature of the demands has leaked out and it is improbable that they will be come public property until the conference shall have adjourned.

President George F. Baer of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal company will be here tomorrow for his usual weekly conference with officers of the Central Railroad of New Jersey and the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company, of which corporations he is the head. It is understood that while here Mr. Baer will meet some of the officers of the other coal-carrying roads.

Mr. Mitchell was much interested today in the statement given out by District President Patrick Dolan of Pittsburg. When first approached on the subject he declined to discuss Mr. Dolan's action, but later in the day he dictated the following statement:

"I do not propose to be drawn into a newspaper controversy with Mr. Dolan or anyone else. At the proper time and in the proper way I shall make answer. At present I am too busily engaged in solidifying the ranks of the miners and protecting their interests to say anything that would assist him in his apparent efforts to destroy their hopes and divide their strength."

TO INCREASE EFFICIENCY OF NAVY AND MARINE CORPS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Senator Hale today introduced a bill prepared at the navy department, which has incorporated into one measure a large number of provisions to reorganize and increase the efficiency of the personnel of the navy and marine corps.

SEARCHLIGHT ON RAILROADS

PENNSYLVANIA'S HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES PASSES RESOLUTION.

STATE TO USE ITS POWER TO PREVENT THREATENED STRIKE OF COAL MINERS.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 12.—In the house tonight Mr. Scofield of Clearfield offered a concurrent resolution that the attorney general be instructed to inquire into the allegation that the Pennsylvania railroad, the New York Central and the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg railroad companies and their leased lines are directly or indirectly engaged in the mining of bituminous coal, which is alleged to be unconstitutional, and if it be found that they are engaged in this business, he shall proceed against them. A motion to table failed by a vote of 141 to 29, after which the resolution was adopted.

Mr. Garner of Schuylkill offered a concurrent resolution for the appointment of three representatives, two of whom shall be of the same political party, and three senators, who, together with John Fahy, T. D. Nichols and William Detry, district presidents of the United Mine Workers; M. J. Monaghan of Ashland, representing the business interests in the coal mining region, and Mayor John Weaver of Philadelphia, representing the business interests of the state outside of the coal territory, be named as a committee to examine into the books and records of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad company and of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company, and establish the truth or falsity of the statements set forth by George F. Baer in his public declaration regarding the business of the corporations.

The resolution provides further that the committee be given power to take similar action as regards any other operator or coal company extending to it an invitation to inquire into their affairs; that it meet immediately after the adjournment of the legislature and that the facts as obtained by the investigation be given to the newspapers if possible before April 1, next, so as to avoid a possible strike; that the expenses of the commission be recommended to the next legislature for payment, and that the commission shall have the right to administer oaths and affirmations and any false swearing shall be considered as perjury and punishable as such.

Mr. Garner said in support of the resolution that Mr. Baer made a misstatement of facts in his public statement and that Patrick Dolan of the United mine workers secretly worked on the floor of the house against the interests of the miners. The resolution was adopted without further comment.

Mr. Stroup offered a concurrent resolution requesting the governor to enlarge his call for the extra session so as to permit the legislature to inquire into the coal mining business of the state and ascertain whether the railroad companies are illegally engaged in this business. This resolution was adopted.

Mr. Hayes of Butler offered a concurrent resolution asking the governor to enlarge his call so as to permit the legislature to enact legislation for a 2-cent passenger rate on railroads within the state. The resolution was adopted.

DEATH FOR BOMB THROWERS WITHOUT TRIAL FORMALITY

ODESSA, Feb. 12.—General Kuggen Kaulbars, governor general of Odessa, today issued a proclamation declaring that everyone attempting to kill or killing an official by means of explosives, arms or otherwise, or who is found in possession of deadly implements, will henceforth be condemned to capital punishment without jury or trial. The proclamation covers the governments of Kherson and Odessa, inclusive of Bessarabia, Ekaterinoslav and the Crimea.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS HANGED

ST. PAUL, Feb. 13.—William Williams was hanged at 12:30 this morning for the murder on the morning of April 13, 1906, of John Keller, aged 16, and his mother, Mrs. Frederick S. Keller. [illegible]

WASTE OF WATER IS SERIOUS

THE REPORT OF SUPT. HOPKINS SHOWS HOW HYDRO-ELECTRIC CO. INTERFERES WITH WATER SYSTEM.

The report of Water Superintendent J. A. Hopkins to the special committee of the city council dealing with the operations of the Pike's Peak Hydro-Electric company, shows that for a year at least the company has almost at will interfered with the city's water supply, going so far as to leave the Mesa reservoirs almost dry.

The special committee to which was referred the investigation of the operations of the Pike's Peak Hydro-Electric company held a session in the office of Water Superintendent Hopkins last evening immediately following the adjournment of the city council. The committee is composed of Aldermen A. M. Holden, president of the council; Carl Albin, chairman of the committee; C. B. Selfomridge, chairman of the water committee, and R. J. Verner, chairman of the sewer and ordinance committee and for two terms a member of the water committee.

Voluminous Report.

The purpose of the meeting was to consider the report made by Water Superintendent Hopkins, the report comprising twenty-two typewritten pages. As the resolution adopted by the council on January 15, 1906, directed the superintendent to report to the special committee by writing the cases of interference by the Pike's Peak Hydro-Electric company and any waste of water, the report very naturally goes into detail in that connection.

Superintendent Hopkins' report devotes the first page to quoting from what is known as the Jackson franchise. The major portion of the second page is devoted to the troubles experienced from July 30, 1901, to August 27, 1901, covering the period when the company was erecting the new power plant above Manitou. Page three of the report is largely devoted to a description of the city intakes, special reference being given to the Ruxton intake, the South Ruxton and the Cabin creek intakes. Page four is devoted to describing the trouble which the water department has had with screens placed in the intakes by employes of the Hydro-Electric company and brings the time down to January, 1905.

Clogged With Trash.

Page five of the report shows that on February 2, 1905, the Hydro company had a four-inch pipe at Rock creek open sufficiently wide to throw a four-inch solid stream of water a distance of 75 feet, for the purpose of preventing the company's twenty-inch pipe from freezing. "This continued for over a week while they were testing their pipes," says the report. "From February 10 to 14, the fine screens placed in the intakes by the company became clogged with ice and trash, preventing hardly any water from entering the pipes and leaving the Mesa reservoirs, which supply the city, very low, while the thermometer registered 10 to 18 degrees below zero. The purpose of the company in placing the fine screens in the intakes is to prevent sand and small twigs from choking up the nozzles that throw the water upon the power wheels. [illegible] to the [illegible] of the power station, the [illegible] was all done by [illegible] water, but to [illegible] the repairs.

"March [illegible] I called up Mr. Taff and told him not to put in any more screens [illegible] without [illegible] plans and getting the approval of the city [illegible] the city council.

Screens Are Nuisance

"March 11 intake [illegible] screens not working [illegible] in order to keep the screens open at the intake, the caretaker or his helper had to come from Lake Moraine and empty out the intake [illegible] the screens. This had to be done every day. Our men would stay around there nearly all day and then go back to Lake Moraine through the deep snow. Nearly every night the screens would clog and in the morning the water would be running over the spillway into the creek."

(Continued on Page 2)

STRACHAN APPROVED BY PRESIDENT

NOMINATION WILL BE SENT TO SENATE TODAY FOR CONFIRMATION AS POSTMASTER.

Special to The Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The president today approved Representative Brooks' recommendation of Alexander Strachan for postmaster at Colorado Springs. The nomination will be sent to the senate tomorrow.

Mr. Strachan, who is in Denver attending a meeting of a special committee appointed by the state board of county assessors, was found by telephone at the Albany hotel last night by a representative of The Gazette who informed him of the contents of the above dispatch. He expressed pleasure at the news, but gave the credit to his friends for his appointment. When questioned as to the appointments which he would have to make, Mr. Strachan declared that he had given the matter no consideration, and did not even know what positions were outside of civil service regulations.

In recommending the appointment of Alex Strachan for postmaster in this city, Representative Brooks was influenced by the overwhelming requests of business men and others who sent dispatches to Washington. He also had in mind the best interests of the Republican party. Mr. Strachan has grown to manhood in this community and was favorably indorsed by business men of both parties, as well as by many who had supported [illegible]

SPEED KING WINS AGAIN

VICTOR DEMOGEOT TAKES CUBAN CUP IN SECOND INTERNATIONAL ROAD RACE.

AVERAGES 59.77 MILES AN HOUR FOR DASH OVER COURSE 217 1-2 MILES LONG.

HAVANA, Feb. 12.—Victor Demogeot, the winner at Ormond, Fla., of the title of the world's speed king, earned another triumph today by winning the Cuban cup in the second international road race. The victory was gained in the same machine which, driven by Hemery, won the two great road events of last year, namely, the Ardennes circuit in France and the Vanderbilt cup race on Long Island. It was the lightest machine in today's race, being only 80-horse power, the others being respectively 90 to 110.

Although all three of Demogeot's competitors in today's main race were either stopped by accident or failed to finish within the time limit, his great speed was fairly maintained throughout, resulting in maintaining the reputation of the Cuban road as being among the world's fastest. Despite the drawbacks of three controls, sharp corners in the town of Marianao and close crowding by the excited populace at the curving points, he made in the first half an average of 61 4-5 miles an hour. The average miles per hour for the entire 217 1-2 miles was 59.77, which is within 1 3-4 miles of the Vanderbilt cup race average.

Lancia, as usual, made the most sensational speed of the day, going, it was claimed, more than 70 miles an hour, so fast that his riding partner, Battesta, was thrown out at the curve near Artemisa and suffered a fractured arm. Lancia then quit the race and conveyed a physician to the aid of the injured man. Cendrino's machine overturned in the same vicinity on the first lap. Cendrino, who was injured internally, was conveyed to the city tonight where it is reported he is recovering. Bernin, the driver of the only other car which returned to the starting point near Camp Columbia, failed to complete the round trip within the time limit.

For the second half of the race Demogeot's competitors were three local gasoline racers. Demogeot said he would not need to push matters. However, he lost several minutes at the start and thereafter drove at a speed which enabled him to pass the only one of his local competitors, who had gotten ahead of him, before the second village was out of sight.

Throughout the remainder of the last half Demogeot's speed nearly equaled that of the first half. The fact that Charlie Harragh, an American, rode with Demogeot, heightened the local interest and intensified the roar of welcome which greeted him when the fourth, the winning car, rounded the curve.

The winner of the minor race, which was only half the distance of the main race, was De Sansossis, a Frenchman who drove a 30-horse power machine over the 108 3-4 miles in 12 minutes slower time than Demogeot, not excluding, however, Demogeot's delay at the start.

PROFESSIONAL SCHOOL PLAYERS BARRED OUT

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 12.—The announcement was made at Yale today that Harvard has accepted the proposition of Yale, made at the athletic conference held here last week, that students in professional schools be debarred from membership on university teams. Princeton has already acquiesced in the proposition. In Yale the action of Harvard is considered to be a great concession, as she is strong in her professional schools. Yale did not have so many to draw from and Princeton is the gainer having depended almost wholly upon her academic department for athletes. A further announcement made at Yale is that training table expenses of her athletic teams will be greatly reduced with the reforms to begin with the baseball and crew squads.

COMMANDER HALL DIES

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—Commander George W. Metz, inspector of [illegible] and acting captain of [illegible]

BALFOUR SPEAKS

Discusses Financial Question at Banquet Given by London Conservatives.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Former Premier A. J. Balfour was the principal speaker at a banquet given tonight by the conservatives of the City of London. Sir Edward Clarke and Alban Gibbs [illegible] were [illegible] Mr. Gibbs and Sir Edward Clarke [illegible] "our guests."

Mr. Balfour, whose speech has been anticipated with intense interest as his reply to Joseph Chamberlain's [illegible] spoke at great length, confining himself mainly to financial questions.

Mr. Balfour said his policy was designed, so far as might be, to diminish the burden on British industries which is due to the tariffs other industrial countries have put on. In countries where these tariffs did not exist it was the intention to preserve neutral markets and at the same time preserve the interests of the British colonies on an equal footing. It was, he said, a policy intended to maintain an increased foreign market for British manufacturers. Protection was an attempt to keep the home market against equal competition from foreign countries.

Mr. Balfour said he viewed the industrial conditions in the United Kingdom with the greatest alarm. He said possibly nations which built up industries behind tariff walls were acting foolishly, but nevertheless they did it, and the result undoubtedly was injurious to the United Kingdom. Mr. Balfour asked was it possible to carry out retaliation unless a general tariff formed a part of the statement. He declined to commit himself on that point, but he said what the country had to make up its mind on was the question: "Is the end at which we are aiming worth making a sacrifice for?"

In conclusion Mr. Balfour welcomed the working men in parliament but said he doubted if the present labor representation was destined to introduce legislation beneficial to the country or which the Unionists could support.

INVESTIGATION IS AUTHORIZED

TEXT OF RESOLUTION PASSED BY SENATE PROVIDING FOR RAILROAD INQUIRY.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION INSTRUCTED TO PROBE ALLEGED UNJUST DISCRIMINATION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The senate today adopted a joint resolution reported by Mr. Tillman from the senate committee on interstate commerce, which directs the Interstate Commerce commission to investigate the charge of discrimination and combination in restraint of trade. Mr. Tillman made a speech in which he practically charged that the administration was not proceeding in good faith to secure railroad legislation. He said he was not satisfied with the president's advisers. Among these he mentioned Secretary Root and Senator Knox, the former of whom, he said, was an adviser of the "magnates responsible for the devilment," and the latter of whom had been for years attorney for the Pennsylvania Railroad company. Mr. Knox contradicted the charge relative to him-

(Continued on Page 2)

FOUR DEAD, MANY HURT

FATAL FIRE IN OUTLYING BUSINESS DISTRICT OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

TWO BODIES SO BADLY CHARRED THAT THEY ARE UNRECOGNIZABLE FINANCIAL LOSS $56,000.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 12.—Four known dead, 11 persons seriously or possibly fatally injured, and a financial loss of $56,000 briefly summarizes the result of an early morning conflagration which wiped out the little business district close to the east end of the Morrison street bridge today.

The known dead are:

EDWIN BAILEY, aged 9, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Bailey.

NATHAN P. YOUNG, 35, watchman of the East Side Transfer company.

Two unidentified, whose bodies are so badly charred that they are unrecognizable. One may be a woman. Ira Cooper, proprietor of a lodging house, is reported missing and it may be that one of the unidentified bodies now in the morgue is his.

That the loss of life was not much greater was due to the work of the firemen, who rescued many persons from precarious positions. Firemen removed several injured persons from the burning building. Two firemen were partially suffocated by smoke during the progress of the fire. The cause of the fire has not been determined.

Following is a list of the injured: Mrs. M. Bailey, face and hands seriously burned; Floyd Bailey, about 17 years old, face and hands seriously burned; Mrs. Nettie Brown, dislocated her hip by jumping from the second story; Walter Brown, a son, severely burned and bruised; Mrs. Nan Edmunds, fractured several ribs when she jumped from second story, also burned about body; Mrs. Mae Macirvin, lodging house keeper, jumped from second story window, back and hip badly sprained; F. H. Babcock, Sherlock, Mich., left hip crushed, jumped from second story; Fred Krueger, Detroit, left wrist fractured and back sprained, jumped from second story.

JAP LEGATION IN RUSSIA REOPENS

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 12.—M. Tanno, third secretary of the Japanese embassy at Paris, arrived here today to reopen the Japanese legation, which was in charge of the American embassy during the war. Ambassador Meyer turned over to M. Tanno the keys of the legation and also the remainder of the fund for the care of the Japanese prisoners of war. M. Motono, the new Japanese minister to Russia, will arrive here March 6. Mr. Meyer said permission to reopen diplomatic relations between Russia and Japan before the arrival of M. Motono's letters of credence, would be given.

HENRY B. IRVING TO TOUR AMERICA

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—Nixon and Zimmerman announce that they have concluded a contract with Henry B. Irving, son of the late Sir Henry Irving, to appear under their management in England and America. Mr. Irving will first appear under their direction at the Drury Lane theater, London, on Easter Monday. His first American tour will open in New York next autumn.

Not Forgetting The Boys

General clearance sales of winter merchandise have prevailed throughout this store. It's the boys' turn now. Read the offers quoted below remembering that Kaufman clothes for boys are selected and made with an aim to produce garments that will stand the wear and tear of real boys.

Boys' Suits and Overcoats

2.48 Suits and Overcoats	1.79
2.98 Suits and Overcoats	2.19
3.98 Suits and Overcoats	2.95
4.98 Suits and Overcoats	3.85
5.98 Suits and Overcoats	4.75
6.98 Suits and Overcoats	5.50
8.48 Suits and Overcoats	6.50

Boys' Band Golf Caps, in plain or fancy colors, all sizes. 25c and 35c caps........19c

Boys' Wool Sweaters, all colors, plain or fancy, 1.25, 1.50 sweaters.....98c

Boys' Corduroy Pants, good quality, well made, small sizes only....29c

Boys' Windsor Ties, in plaids, embroidered ends or plain colors, 25 dozen at..........19c

Boys' Outing Flannel Night Shirts, well made extra quality, 65c values...47c

Boys' Flannel Waists ("Mothers' Friend" make), strictly all wool, all colors, 1.00 1.25 waists...79c

Boys School Shirts, with or without collars, light and dark patterns, regular 50c........39c

Boys' Outing Flannel Pajamas, fancy stripes made just like the Men's $1.00 garment.....79c

Boys' Blouse Waists, ("Mothers' Friend" make), in outing flannel, madras and percals, all sizes and colors, 50c and 75c waists...39c

Boys' Gloves and Mittens, leather or wool, 25c and 35c values......19c

Boys' Bib Overalls, good quality, blue denims, ages 4 to 12 years, regular 35c......19c

Boys' Band Golf Caps, silk lined, plain and fancy colors, 50 and 65 cent caps........39c

CHOICE

OF ANY

Suit

OR

OVERCOAT

sold at $15.00 to $25.00 IN THE HOUSE

FOR 6 DAYS ONLY.

Except worsted and new spring suits, your choice for

$10.00

Any of our $10.00 to $12.00 suits for seven days for

$5.90

All new and this season's clothing.

The [illegible] COMPANY

One Price to All.

23 N. Tejon Street.

TO GIVE RECEPTION FOR THE REV. J. H. FRANKLIN

The Rev. J. H. Franklin, who began the duties of the pastorate of the First Baptist church ten days ago, will be given a reception by the members of his congregation Tuesday evening, February 20, at the church. The program for the reception has not yet been announced, but will include addresses by prominent members of the church and by the Rev. Mr. Franklin. Professor M. C. Gile is chairman of a committee arranging for the reception.

WANTS RATE BILL CHANGED

PRESIDENT E. P. RIPLEY OF SANTA FE ROAD TALKS OF PENDING ISSUE

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 12.—E. P. Ripley, president of the Santa Fe railroad, arrived in Los Angeles today. On the subject of proposed rate legislation by congress, he said the Hepburn bill did not please him to a great extent and asserted that its passage would place the power of administering the rate affairs of great railroad corporations in the hands of a "political body."

"I hope to see the United States senate modify the provisions of the bill," Mr. Ripley said.

"In what respect?" he was asked.

"Well, I do not think it safe to place the power to make railroad rates in the hands of a political body, even temporarily," he answered.

"There is a possibility of too much politics in the proposed bill. However," he added, "I know nothing of the status of affairs in that regard. I haven't been near Washington for quite a while."

Mr. Ripley said the Santa Fe would expend more than $15,000,000 in improvements in the present fiscal year.

"We have not expended less than $6,000,000 annually for several years in improving our lines," he said. "The work now under way is mostly in the way of better ballast and new rolling stock."

Kidney complaint kills more people than any other disease. This is due to the disease being so insidious that it gets a good hold on the system before it is recognized. Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent the development of fatal disease if taken in time. For sale by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

List your property for sale or rent with H. A. Scurr, 20 South Tejon.

COLORED MAN TAKES AN OVERDOSE OF LAUDANUM

C. W. Dinwiddie, a colored man who lives in Broadmoor, took an overdose of laudanum yesterday, expecting to relieve an attack of insomnia. The drug was taken while going to his home on a street car. Dr. Grant was called and he quickly neutralized the effects of the drug. Dinwiddie is employed at the Cheyenne Mountain Country club golf links.

CLARENCE MACKAY DEFEATS WHITNEY

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., Feb. 12.—In the final round in the championship play for the gold racquet at Tuxedo today, Clarence Mackay of the New York Racquet and Tennis club defeated Payne Whitney of the same club, winning the match and getting a second leg on the racquet in three straight games. In the final for the annual Squash championship of America, Reginald Fincke defeated A. L. De Vins, Jr., by two straight sets, thus winning a second leg on the Tuxedo trophy.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

LUCKIEST MAN IN ARKANSAS.

"I'm the luckiest man in Arkansas," writes H. L. Stanley, of Bruno, "since the restoration of my wife's health after five years of continuous coughing and bleeding from the lungs, and I owe my good fortune to the world's greatest medicine, Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which I know from experience will cure consumption if taken in time. My wife improved with first bottle and twelve bottles completed the cure." Cures the worst coughs and colds or money refunded. At the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

THE M. B. A.'s will give a Valentine party February 14. Valentines, dancing, high five and refreshments, at W. O. W. hall. Admission 15 cents.

EX-SENATOR THURSTON'S OLDEST DAUGHTER DIES

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Miss Grace P. Thurston, oldest daughter of former United States Senator Thurston of Nebraska, died tonight in a hospital here from heart failure, following a recent operation for appendicitis. She was 22 years old.

FRIGHTFULLY BURNED.

Chas. W. Moore, a machinist, of Ford City, Pa., had his hand frightfully burned in an electrical furnace. He applied Bucklin's Arnica Salve with the usual result: "a quick and perfect cure." Greatest healer on earth for Burns, Wounds, Sores, Eczema and Piles. 25c at the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

BRAKEMAN HURT.

T. H. Flowers, a negro porter on a Rock Island train, who was jerked off the top of a car near Phillipsburg, Kan., and bruised about the back and hips, is in St. Francis hospital.

Mothers can safely give Foley's Honey and Tar to their children for coughs and colds, for it contains no opiates or other poisons.—For sale by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

List your property for sale or rent with H. A. Scurr, 20 South Tejon.

SOME TEXAS WINTER RATES via COLORADO & SOUTHERN.

Ft. Worth	$28.35
Dallas	29.35
San Antonio	41.10
Galveston	42.20
Houston	40.20

Good returning till June 1st. On sale every day until April 30th. Get information and tickets at C. & S. City office, No. 119 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

Have You a Friend?

Then tell him about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Tell him how it cured your hard cough. Tell him why you always keep it on hand. Tell him to ask his doctor about it. Doctors use it a great deal for all forms of throat and lung troubles.

We [illegible] We [illegible] of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

THE ATTRACTIVE WOMAN

is the well groomed woman. It should be the aim of every woman to make herself as attractive as possible.

The beauty of the skin contributes in so great a degree to beauty in general that many women who are deemed very handsome possess no other advantage than that of a beautiful complexion; accordingly it is upon this most essential part that women should bestow in preference the most assiduous care.

Our Scientific Facial Massage, while preserving all the perfection possible, will repair all the defects, blemishes and imperfections to which the skin is liable.

Our parlors are strictly up-to-date and first class in every particular. We employ no apprentices. Patrons can, therefore, rest assured that their work will be done by persons having years of practical experience. Shaw's Toilet Parlors, Jessie M. Shaw, 29 North Cascade Ave.

WASTE OF WATER IS SERIOUS

(Continued from Page 1.)

"A serious charge of wasting water on the part of the company is made on page six of the report. Owing to the fact that the intakes at South Ruxton and Cabin creeks are some 250 feet lower than the intake on Ruxton creek, the pressure at the power plant would force the water to back up and flow out of the two intakes, wasting considerable water and damaging the intakes.

With Mayor's Consent.

On page seven of the report, the charge is made that on May 23, the water was turned off by consent of the mayor while the company put another screen in place on Ruxton intake. The Mesa reservoirs were getting very low.

"On the night of May 23 we got no water, screens all clogged, Mesa reservoirs empty. I sent my assistant to Bear creek to take all the water he could get from there."

On page eight the report says: "Ruxton intake is about 260 feet higher than South Ruxton intake, and that means 120 pounds more pressure. When South Ruxton intake is feeding, the pressure (upon which the Hydro company is dependent) cannot exceed about 30 pounds without overcoming the feed entirely and instead of taking in water, the flow is reversed and water is discharged. You will remember that this intake has been closed for more than a month, during which time the Hydro company had the benefit of this 120 pounds additional pressure. The Hydro company could not afford to lose all of this extra 120 pounds pressure, so Mr. Taff immediately proposed to move South Ruxton and Cabin creek intakes further up the stream."

Arrests Threatened.

On August 31, according to the report, it was necessary for Superintendent Hopkins to threaten the arrest of employes of the Hydro company for interfering with the valves.

The interference continued, it is alleged, and on "Monday, September 18, 1905, I went to Mr. Seldomridge's office and told him how those people were interfering with our valves. Just then Mr. Taff came along on the other side of the street and Mr. Seldomridge called to him and asked him to come over where we were. Mr. Seldomridge told Mr. Taff that they must let those valves alone and that the city would insist upon regulating its water supply as it saw fit or as was necessary. Mr. Taff said he must have all the water through his pipes; he had a right to it, and no matter if our old settler did go to pieces. Mr. Seldomridge assured Mr. Taff that he did not want to do any injustice to his company, but the city's rights must be recognized. Mr. Taff also said that these things had been settled in the courts and that they would resort to the courts again if necessary; that he had charged on his books several thousand dollars damages he would make the city pay if it ever did get into the courts."

On September 30, a meeting was held at the mayor's private office which was attended by Messrs. Seldomridge, Verner, Taff, Otis, Babbitt and the mayor, at which the following understanding was reached:

Agreement Reached.

"1st—The Hydro company agreed to put in immediately a 2-inch by-pass from Cabin creek pipe to city pipe line below valve.

"2nd—All valves controlled by city under directions of water superintendent.

"3rd—City to put in telephone at Half-way house and place city employes there in charge of valves; whenever company desires any turning of valves it is to communicate with water office, if possible, or in case of necessity, direct with the man in charge at the Half-way house.

"4th—In case the city desires to make any change in valves or other reduction in water supply passing through the company's pipes, it is to give as much notice as possible to the company, not less than two hours; this notice to be given to the company's plant at Manitou.

"5th—Whenever city desires to clean out intakes it is to give at least two days' notice to the company, in order that the steam plant may be prepared to take the load.

"6th—The city settler at Manitou to be made tight at once. This 2-inch by-pass, referred to above, was intended to supply our old settler with enough water to keep it full and in good condition."

Continued Trouble.

From October 18 to November 29, according to the report, the water department experienced continued trouble from ice and twigs clogging the screens and preventing the water from entering the pipes, and men were kept at the intakes almost continually to clean the screens off. For instance, the report says:

"November 10—Screens clogged last night with ice; plant shut down three or four hours.

"November 24—Men at Ruxton intake had hard time to keep screens open last night.

"November 25—Screens clogged; got no water from 9 p. m. to 9 a. m. Very cold.

"November 29—Very cold last night; intakes frozen up; Hydro plant had valves frozen and burst."

The report, in calling attention to serious waste of water by the company, refers to a 3-4 inch vent at the top of the hill about 500 feet from where the company's pipe is connected to the city main, and says: "There is considerable pressure at this point and water is constantly spouting into the air to the height of 50 feet or more. Assuming that there is 75 pounds pressure, this 3-4 inch opening will discharge 8,200 gallons of water in one hour, or 197,280 gallons per day, or 72,000,000 gallons per year. Almost enough to fill our No. 7 reservoir."

The report concludes with various recommendations as to the construction of sand boxes; the rebuilding of intakes, the placing of meters at the intakes and on the supply mains; and calls attention to probable damage from electrolysis.

INVESTIGATION IS AUTHORIZED

(Continued From Page 1)

self, saying that he had never been attorney for the Pennsylvania road.

Mr. Lodge also spoke at length on the railroad question. He delivered a carefully-prepared speech in which he took a position for governmental regulation of rates, but advised the utmost caution against too radical action. He expressed the opinion that the giving of rebates was practically the only evil existing in connection with the railroad systems of the country.

The joint resolution passed by the senate today for the investigation of railroads is as follows:

"Whereas, Persons engaged, or wishing to engage in mining and shipping bituminous coal and other products from one state of the United States to other states of the United States complain that they are treated unjustly by common carriers engaged in interstate carriage, in that they, being independent shippers without influence with and in whose business common carriers or their officers have no interest, are unjustly discriminated against, and undue preference is given to other persons in whose business the officers of common carriers are interested, either directly or indirectly, and that undue preference or advantage is given by such common carrier to the shippers of coal from mines in which said carriers or their officers are interested, either directly or indirectly; and,

"Whereas, It is further alleged that the bituminous coal and other traffic above referred to is controlled by a combination of common carriers by means of stock ownership or other instrumentalities, directly or indirectly, thus creating a monopoly in restraint of trade; therefore, be it

"Resolved, By the senate, the house of representatives concurring, in congress assembled, that the Interstate Commerce commission be authorized and instructed to immediately inquire, investigate and report to congress from time to time as the investigation proceeds:

"First, Whether any common carriers by railroad, subject to the interstate commerce act, they or any of them, own or have any interest in, by means of stock ownership, other corporations, or otherwise, any of the coal or other products which they or any of them, directly or through other companies which they control or in which they have an interest, carry over their or any of their lines as common carriers.

"Second, Whether the officers of any of the carriers aforesaid or any of them, or any person or persons or any of them, charged with the duty of distributing cars or furnishing facilities to shippers are interested, either directly or indirectly, by means of stock ownership or otherwise, in corporations owning, operating, leasing or otherwise interested in any coal mines, coal properties or any other traffic over the railroads with which they or any of them are connected or by which they or any of them are employed.

"Third, Whether there is any contract, combination in the form of trust or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of trade or commerce among the several states, in which any common carrier engaged in transportation of bituminous coal or other products is interested, or to which it is a party; and whether any such common carrier monopolizes or attempts to monopolize or combine or so conspires with any other carrier, company, or companies, person or persons to monopolize any part of coal, or other traffic among several states, or with foreign nations and whether or not and, if so, to what extent, such carriers or any of them limit and control directly, the output of coal mines or the price of coal.

"Fourth, If the Interstate Commerce commission shall find that the facts set forth in the three paragraphs above do exist, then that it be further required to report as to the effect of such relationship, ownership or interest in coal, or coal and other traffic aforesaid, or such contracts, combinations in form of trust, or otherwise, or conspiracy, or such monopoly, or attempt to monopolize or combine or conspire as aforesaid upon such persons or persons as may be engaged independently of any other persons in mining coal and shipping same, or other products, who may desire to so engage, or upon the general public as consumers of such coal and other products.

"Fifth, That said commission be also required to investigate and report the system of car distribution in effect upon the several lines engaged in the transportation of bituminous coal or other products as aforesaid and whether said systems are fair and equitable, and whether the same are carried out fairly and properly and whether said carriers or any of them discriminate against shippers or parties wishing to become shippers over their several lines, and therein the matter of distribution of cars or in furnishing of facilities or instrumentalities connected with the receiving, forwarding or carrying of coal as aforesaid.

"Sixth, That said commission be also required to report as to what remedy it can suggest to cure the evils above set forth, if they exist.

"Seventh, That said commission be also required to report any facts or conclusions which it may think pertinent to the general inquiry above set forth.

"Eighth, That said commission be required to make this investigation at its earliest possible convenience and to furnish the information above required from time to time and as soon as it can be done consistent with the performance of its public duty."

List your property for sale or rent with H. A. Scurr, 20 South Tejon.

CASTORIA

The [illegible] has been in use for [illegible] the signature of [illegible] and [illegible] personal supervision since its [illegible] Allow [illegible] to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with [illegible] the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is [illegible] It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other [illegible] substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures [illegible] Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's [illegible] The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

AL $75,000.00

n, Cashier;

H. MacNeill.

THE SIGN That Never Fails

The Symbol of Clothes Perfection.

NEWSOM & HOLMES

Makers of the kind of clothes gentlemen wear.

TO INVESTIGATE METHODS OF BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

For the purpose of investigating the methods of the state board of equalization in the matter of assessing corporate property, the special committee appointed by the state board of assessors met in Denver yesterday. Alex Strachan of this city, as president of the county assessors' organization, is chairman of the committee, the other two members being Assessor C. P. Link of Park county and A. H. Howe of Boulder county. The committee will also investigate the charges preferred by agents of certain railroads that the county assessors, in some instances, are assessing upon a lower valuation than that established by the board of equalization. The committee will be in session for several days.

THE WINNING STROKE

If more than ordinary skill in playing brings the honors of the game to the winning player, so exceptional merit in a remedy ensures the commendation of the well informed, and as a reasonable amount of outdoor life and recreation is conducive to the health and strength, so does a perfect laxative tend to one's improvement in cases of constipation, biliousness, headaches, etc. It is all-important, however, in selecting a laxative, to choose one of known quality and excellence, like the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., a laxative which sweetens and cleanses the system effectually, when a laxative is needed, without any unpleasant after effects, as it acts naturally and gently on the internal organs, simply assisting nature when nature needs assistance, without griping, irritating, or debilitating the internal organs in any way, as it contains nothing of an objectionable or injurious nature. As the plants which are combined with the figs in the manufacture of Syrup of Figs are known to physicians to act most beneficially upon the system, the remedy has met with their general approval as a family laxative, a fact well worth considering in making purchases.

It is because of the fact that SYRUP OF FIGS is a remedy of known quality and excellence, and approved by physicians that has led to its use by so many millions of well informed people, who would not use any remedy of uncertain quality or inferior reputation. Every family should have a bottle of the genuine on hand at all times, to use when a laxative remedy is required. Please to remember that the genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale in bottles of one size only, by all reputable druggists and that full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co., is plainly printed on the front of every package. Regular price, 50c per bottle.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

Tomorrow is St. Valentine's.

We still have an ample stock of choice Valentines from 5 cents to $3.00 each.

FOLTZ & HARDY,
6 South Tejon Street

OLD SILVER AND GLASS
Sevres and Capo di Monte, etc. For Wedding Presents.
KINGSLEY BALLOU,
Show Rooms, 30 E. Kiowa St.

PING POST BILL DEFEATED; NISHES FUN FOR THE HOUSE

GTON, Feb. 12.—The ay had sport with the whip- st bill for wife beaters and d id it on the table, effectively ing of it by a vote of 155 to 57. most impassioned speech for the sure was delivered by Mr. Hep- rn (Iowa) who depicted the brutality of the man who would beat his wife, and declared that to be whipped was hardly adequate punishment. Mr. Adams opened the discussion with a serious speech in favor of the bill. All of the opposing speeches partook of levity, and Mr. Adams received more than one fling because he is a bachelor.

A ripple of interest was manifested when Mr. Babcock at 2 o'clock called up the bill to punish with thirty lashes wife beaters in the District of Columbia. Adams, of Pennsylvania, in favor of the bill, was yielded thirty minutes. At once he was importuned to yield to questions, but positively declined to be interrupted and began with a rebuke of levity with which the subject had been treated. He said President Roosevelt and the district officials were in sympathy with the bill, and it was only those possessed with the character of "maudlin sentiment" which sent flowers to the criminal's cell who opposed it.

The chief of police of Washington, he said, has reported 305 wife beatings in the past two years. Adequate punishment, he said, should be provided. Mr. Adams said he did not advocate the whipping post as it existed in Delaware.

Mr. Stephens, of Texas, interjected the query if the bill was not "class legislation."

Members laughed as Mr. Adams "declined to be interrupted."

Mr. Wachter, of Maryland, said that if the bill passed, the city of Baltimore had a very good whipping post in the Baltimore city jail, which the district could buy at a bargain.

"In fifty years," he said, "it had been used but twice. The women of Maryland don't want it used any more than the men."

"Where does the gentleman get his information?" asked Mr. Adams.

"At home," replied Mr. Wachter, and then, "Oh, I mean in Baltimore." (Laughter.)

Mr. Sims, of Tennessee, opposing the bill, said that it would get one vote only in the house. The president, he said, had advocated increased punishment for wife beaters a year ago, "but he is a year older now, and his last message said nothing about it." He made the further point that the report of the local chief of police indicated that "common law wives and other females" received most of the beatings.

"Someone has suggested we amend the bill to apply to wife chasers," he declared farther. "I don't know whom that would hit." (Laughter.)

Mr. James made an attempt to advocate that the whipping of the "beater" should be done in public. Mr. Sims accepted this. If the whipping, he said, was to serve as an example, a platform should be erected on top of the Washington monument where the effect of the beating could reach afar off.

For five minutes Mr. Stanley (Ky.) made fun of the bill and incidentally took Mr. Adams to task for never marrying. It was, he said, a "brutal measure of brutalizing a brute." All the arguments in defense of the instruments of torture buried one hundred years ago with barbarism, he said, would apply to this bill.

"I am more surprised," continued Mr. Stanley, "at this unusual proposition coming as it does from the distinguished gentleman from Pennsylvania, of all the men in the house the last one to shed tears as big as buttermilk biscuit over a suffering wife. (Laughter.)

"If it had come from a gentleman from Utah I could have listened with more patience.

"If you take all the suffering women in this country there are more of them really in pain that are not married and to [illegible] of the fact, than women who are married and beaten." (Laughter.)

"And the gentleman from Pennsylvania belongs to the class which is really inflicting more torture than the wife beater. The mental anguish is more serious than pain and if you will think of the great number whom he has left alone lamenting, he should have mercy on others, who inflict agony on the fair sex.

"I shall move that a like punishment be inflicted on him who feloniously refuses to take a wife." (Laughter.)

Mr. Grains (Tenn.) asked what the gentleman would do if he were to witness a husband beating his wife.

"That would depend," replied Mr. Stanley, "on the husband and the wife; if she was red headed, even my southern chivalry would not tempt me to interfere." (Laughter.)

Mr. Bartholdt (Mo.) offered several amendments, one to put on the rack a man guilty of non-support of his family; one that a wife deserter should be pinched with red hot tongs; another paralyzes every man over 35 years of age who refuses to take a wife and provides that he shall stand in the pillory, and after six months, if he still refuses, he shall be burned at the stake. These amendments were received with hilarity.

Mr. Mahon (Pa.) created much merriment by offering an amendment providing for the punishment of women who are "common scolds," commonly called hell cats, who shall be ducked in the Potomac river not less than five or more than ten times. The amendment exempted the president, members of his cabinet, members of the senate and house of representatives.

The bill requiring the return of freight rebates was passed; also a measure relating to the court procedure. The rebate bill provides that when a rebate has been received with guilty knowledge it is a violation of law and double the amount is to be returned by the recipient and half of this is to go to the informant.

Piles Cured

Suffering for Years, and Bed-Ridden from Piles, a Contractor of Marion, Indiana, Is Cured by Pyramid Pile Cure.

Trial Package Sent Free to All Who Send Name and Address.

"I was troubled with piles for several years before I would let it be known. But at last they became so severe that I could not walk and I had to take my bed. I tried everything and anything the doctors prescribed, and took their treatments for a long time. But nothing ever did me any good. I had seen your ad. in different newspapers, so I got a 50 cent box and began using them. From the very first I got quick relief and by the time I was starting on my third box I saw I was cured. I have not been troubled with them since. Now you can use this as you please, because it is genuine. Yours, T. A. Sutton, Stone and Cement Contractor, Marion, Ind."

Instant relief can be gotten by using the marvelous Pyramid Pile Cure. It immediately reduces all congestion and swelling, heals all sores, ulcers and irritated parts.

The moment you start to use it your suffering ends and the cure of your dread disease is in sight.

The Pyramid Pile Cure renders an operation unnecessary. Don't submit to the cruel, excruciating pain caused by the surgeon's knife. Besides, it is expensive and humiliating and rarely a permanent success.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is put up in the form of "easy-to-use," specially made, suppositories. They are soothing, painless, instant and certain.

A trial treatment will be sent you at once by mail, in plain, sealed wrapper, without a cent of expense to you, if you send your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 1186 Pyramid Building, Marshall, Mich.

After you receive the sample, you can get a regular size package of Pyramid Pile Cure at your druggist's for 50 cents, or if he hasn't it, send us the money and we will send it to you.

Societies and Clubs

Colorado Springs chapter No. [illegible], Royal Arch Masons, holds a stated communication this evening.

At the open meeting of the Women's Relief corps this afternoon in G. A. R. hall, Miss Carrie A. Odell will lecture.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, will give a valentine social this evening at the home of Mrs. R. J. Verner, 220 North Walnut street.

Mrs. Gowdy's district of the First Presbyterian church will meet at the home of Mrs. Harrison, 1104 East Pike's Peak avenue, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Personal Mention

Mrs. Jesse Morse has returned from a three weeks' visit in Denver.

D. V. Donaldson, of this city, is now at Chalfonte, Atlantic City, N. J.

Mrs. K. M. Laney, of Seattle, Wash., is spending a few weeks with her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. F. Neff, of 208 South Tejon street. Their grandson, F. A. Duzenbury, of Los Angeles, Cal., is also visiting Mr. and Mrs. Neff.

YOU SHOULD BUY SHOES NOW.
At greatly reduced prices at Handy Shoe Co.'s dissolution sale. Nothing reserved.

STATE NEWS

ECREST SAYS HE NEVER DID HURT A WOMAN

DENVER, Feb. 12.—The thing that hurts me about this affair [illegible] these lies that are being published about [illegible] If they would only tell the truth [illegible] would not have one word of complaint.

"I am accused of [illegible] guilty of [illegible] I never harmed a woman in my life."

"I don't see [illegible] Chief Delaney [illegible] thing about [illegible] chief [illegible] English [illegible] me [illegible]."

Charles [illegible] this morning [illegible] received since the killing of Thomas Johnson early Friday morning.

Dixon, one of the chief witnesses to the shooting, is said to have disappeared [illegible] he greatly dreaded the [illegible] attending on the tragedy and the part he played in it, and his close friends say he has fled to escape this.

District Attorney Stidger has announced that he intends holding all other witnesses connected with the tragedy, with the exception of those employed on the police department. He says that he will have the preliminary examinations in a short time.

VICTOR FUEL REACHES FOR ANOTHER OUTLET

DENVER, Feb. 12.—Another sign of the aggressiveness of John C. Osgood, now in control of the Victor Fuel company, is the statement made by an agent of the company that a line of railway will probably be built by the Victor from Rockvale to Chandler to give the coal mines of the company at Rockvale direct connection with the Santa Fe. The only connection the company has is with the D. & R. G. and it is anxious to secure another outlet.

A survey for the extension has been completed, and it is believed that Mr. Osgood will order the grading to be done immediately, so that the extension will be built. Rockvale is situate between Florence and Canon City in a rich coal country.

The Victor Fuel company has several miles of railroad now. The company's lines are known as the Denver & Southwestern. The principal part of the equipment of the line is John C. Osgood's private car. For the size of the road its private car is the best in the country.

MIXED TRAIN WRECKED IN THE RATON TUNNEL.

TRINIDAD, Colo., Feb. 12.—A mixed train on the Santa Fe was wrecked in the Raton tunnel, seven miles north of Raton, this morning, filling the bore with wreckage, merchandise and live and dead stock. The tunnel is nearly a mile in length and it required several hours of hard work to clear it. The accident was caused by a car loaded with live stock breaking in two. The train contained 18 cars. No one was hurt.

D. & R. G. ROUNDHOUSE BURNS.

RIDGWAY, Colo., Feb. 12.—The Rio Grande Southern roundhouse and two engines, together with considerable other property in the building, were destroyed by fire today. Several other engines were removed from the structure, but not until they were considerably damaged. The total loss is estimated at $100,000.

WORST ECZEMA DOCTORS EVER SAW

Spread Rapidly Over Body—Limbs and Arms Had to Be Bandaged and Scalp Looked Dreadful—Suffered Untold Misery for Three Years—Better in Two Months

MARVELOUS CURE BY CUTICURA REMEDIES

"My son, who is now twenty-two years of age, when he was four months old began to have eczema on his face, spreading quite rapidly until he was nearly covered. We had all the doctors around us and some from larger places, but no one helped him a particle. The eczema was something terrible, and the doctors said it was the worst [illegible] they ever saw. At times his whole body and face were covered, all but his feet. I had to bandage his limbs and arms; his scalp was just dreadful. I used many kinds of patent medicines before trying the Cuticura Remedies,—all to no avail.

"A friend teased me to try Cuticura. At last I consented, when my boy was three years and four months old, having had eczema all that time, and suffering untold misery. I began to use all three of the Cuticura Remedies; the Cuticura Soap helped as well as the Ointment. He was better in two months; in six months he was well; but I gave him the Cuticura Resolvent one year,—using twelve bottles, I think,—and always used the Cuticura Soap for bathing, and do now a good deal. He was four years old before he was well, and his skin became perfectly fair when cured. I give you permission to publish this letter for I am always glad to do good when I can. I think I have told you all there is necessary to tell." Mrs. R. L. Risley,
Oct. 24, 1905. Piermont, N. H.

[illegible]

TWO DAYS FOR THE Y. M. C. A. WORKERS LEFT

DENVER, Feb. 12.—[illegible] Y. M. C. A. [illegible] $[illegible] [illegible] Y. M. C. A. [illegible] $20,000 will be [illegible] $[illegible] [illegible]

STOCKMEN TO GO TO WASHINGTON

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE WILL URGE LEGISLATION FOR LOWER COMMISSION CHARGES, ETC.

DENVER, Feb. 12.—A committee appointed by the American National Live Stock association's executive committee will depart for Kansas City and Washington within a few days to advocate measures in the interest of western stockmen. A committee will meet the members of the Kansas City and St. Joseph live stock exchanges and the Meat Producers' association and others interested in the demand of the western stockmen for lower commission charges. February 20 a committee will be in Washington to urge the passage of the Hepburn rate bill, a provision for a large appropriation for the bureau of animal industry, the extension of the period for which stock may be kept in transit before being unloaded for food and water from 28 to 36 hours and other legislation.

Secretary T. W. Tomlinson, of the American National Live Stock association, will leave Denver Thursday to attend the meeting at Kansas City and from there he will go to Washington.

MRS. M'EACHERN REFUNDS MONEY

Special to The Gazette.

VICTOR, Feb. 12.—Over $2,140 was turned over today by Mrs. J. J. McEachern to Harry Harris, local representative of the Northwestern Life Insurance company, out of the $3,000 paid her when it was reported that her husband had been blown up in the Three Jacks tunnel. In searching the locality of the tunnel today officers found bits of the shroud and undershirt that had covered the body of Robert Lee Speed. After taking the body from the grave, the ghouls stripped it of the covering, that no clew would remain that the man blown up was other than McEachern. The clothing was burned. The bits not consumed are of the same texture as the material which covered the corpse.

NO EXTRA SESSION PROBABLE THIS YEAR

DENVER, Feb. 12.—There will be no special session of the legislature. Gov. McDonald has been importuned frequently to call the assembly together in extraordinary session, but these requests have almost invariably come from members who appear to be anxious to draw $7 a day and expenses.

An exception to the demands has been in regard to a session to consider a new banking law, especially in regard to savings banks. District Attorney Pilcher of Alamosa has urged the necessity of a new and stringent law. The governor has been withheld only from calling the legislature together on the banking proposition by the enormous expense that would be entailed.

B. J. O'Connell, representative from Clear Creek, has written an open letter to the governor, asking that a special meeting be ordered to consider the attitude of the smelter men toward the metalliferous miners. This letter has not, however, reached the governor.

"There would have to be a pretty strong showing for me to call a special session," said the governor this morning. "I have received no letter from Mr. O'Connell, although I know him very well. The expense would be very great and unless there was some absolutely pressing necessity, I should not think of calling a special session."

COLORADO PIONEER CLAIMED BY DEATH

FAIRPLAY, Colo., Feb. 12.—Charles W. Lowe, a pioneer of the Rocky mountains, died of pneumonia at his residence here yesterday.

Mr. Lowe was born in New York in 1824 and came to Colorado in 1859, during the Pike's Peak excitement, locating at Fairplay, where he had lived since. He was the leading placer miner in the Fairplay gulch in the early days.

In the territorial days Mr. Lowe was internal revenue collector and afterward served as county commissioner and sheriff of Park county.

DURANGO TO HAVE HOTEL WORTH $70,000.

DURANGO, Colo., Feb. 12.—C. E. Herr, N. A. Hahn and Thomas Loftus, three substantial businessmen of Durango, are organizing a stock company for the purpose of erecting a new $70,000 hotel in Durango. The need of a modern hotel has long been felt here and the great rush of business occasioned by the announcement of the coming of a new railroad to the south has made the new building a necessity.

Most of the money has already been raised and work will commence as soon as a suitable site can be secured.

Choice 50c

As a special for TODAY ONLY, and for the purpose of introducing our new line of AMETHYST ENAMELED WARE we shall offer for one day only your choice of any article displayed in our window for 50c. A few only we mention here:

14 qt Dish Pan — 4 qt Coffee Pot
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We make this offer to introduce amethyst ware, which we guarantee to be satisfactory in every respect. You will find it to your interest to try a sample. Remember, our guarantee is back of every piece.

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The EMPORIUM
L. J. NEWSOME, Manager
[illegible] Tejon St.

STOP STUFFING SAYS SCHNEIDER

COLORADO COLLEGE PROFESSOR ATTRIUTES PREVALENCE OF PHYSICAL ILLS TO HABIT OF OVEREATING.

Professor [illegible] Schneider of Colorado college, in a [illegible] lecture, "Some Problems of Nutrition," in Perkins hall last evening, set forth the fact that not only Americans but all the people of this age are ruining their digestive apparatus by overeating.

"It is a difficult task," said Professor Schneider, "to persuade people that it is the overfed among the nine-tenths not submerged who are being eliminated by the various diseases of modern life—apoplexy, heart disease, Bright's disease, etc., and that in part at least, the sterility of the 'better-to-do' portion of the country is largely due to the plethora of food and drink which induces the eating of more than the system can stand and thus reduces vitality. The ideal of health is to obtain complete nutrition. Overnutrition, as well as undernutrition, weakens the body and subjects it to evils that make it incapable of survival. The plethora of food now enjoyed induces men to eat and drink more than their system can stand.

"The obstacles of presenting the teachings of those who have made a study of this subject are several. First, our daily papers and much so-called good literature keep before our people the popular and pleasing side, and neglect to give the scientific aspect of a subject. It is the popular belief that brilliancy of mind and position is chiefly due to luxurious food, and most of us either consciously or unconsciously attribute American versatility and success to the richness and variety of food. So today we find that, in spite of all teaching, few really believe that 'plain living goes with high thinking.'"

Professor Schneider touched on the subject of vegetarianism. "This term," he said, "is commonly understood to be a system of living which teaches that the food of man should be derived directly from the plant world. Any system including eggs, milk, lard, etc., is not strictly vegetarian. History teaches that it is something more than a mere dietic program. It teaches that the use of animal food is morally wrong. The doctrine always has been the expression of an ethical movement and hence we cannot meet the vegetarian wholly on physiological grounds. It has been the sentimental, rather than the scientific, aspects of the controversy—vegetable versus animal foods—which have attracted attention most frequently. Today, thanks to the investigations in the domain of food, chemistry and nutrition, we are better prepared to consider the merits of animal and vegetable foods. Hutchinson states that the doctrine of vegetarianism may be defended on three grounds:

1. Physiological: That the practice of vegetarianism is conducive to a healthier and longer life, and to a better moral temperament than the use of a mixed diet.
2. Economical: That it is less costly, both to the state and to the individual. This point, so far as money expended for food is counted, cannot be gainsaid.
3. Moral: That the slaughter of animals for food is unjustifiable on grounds of humanity. This last must be answered by each according to his or her own code of ethics.

"Another mistake of this age is the hearty breakfast. That a hearty breakfast is not necessary is seen from a report on the habits of the Esquimaux made by Dr. Cook, a physician who accompanied Mr. DeLong on his Arctic exploration. He states that the Esquimau consumes three or four hours in eating one meal, then sleeps. They take no breakfast, and any Esquimau going on a day's journey never thinks of eating before the start."

Canton Colfax No. 2, P. M., I. O. O. F., will meet this evening in regular session. All chevaliers are urged to attend as business of importance will come before the Canton.

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MONSTER BILL THIS WEEK.

"Goblins Frolic," by the Empire Peerless Orchestra.

Mlle. Jeanette Laurelle in spectacular novelty, "Le Ciel."

Bland & [illegible] in sketch, "Hawaiian Queen."

Morrell & De[illegible], New York, singers and comedians.

Gardner & Re[illegible]—Sketch team, dancers, singers, entertainers.

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Best set of teeth..........$7.[illegible]
Crown and bridge teeth......$[illegible] to [illegible]
Gold fillings, up from..........$1.[illegible]
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COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

[illegible] REPUBLICAN DAILY NEWSPAPER IN COLORADO.

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The Gazette is the only newspaper in Colorado Springs which receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1906.

STRACHAN NAMED.

THE APPOINTMENT of Alex Strachan to the postmastership in Colorado Springs now seems assured. On Saturday Representative Brooks recommended him to the President, and yesterday the recommendation was approved. The nomination will go to the Senate today, and without doubt will be speedily confirmed. Mr. Strachan will then be at liberty to take possession of the office as soon as he sees fit, as Postmaster Dana's term has already expired.

Representative Brooks deserves to be congratulated on his solution of what threatened to be a serious tangle, embarrassing both to him and to the Republican party of Colorado Springs. The sudden withdrawal of R. L. Chambers brought several candidates to the front, all of them good men and good Republicans. Mr. Brooks was at first inclined to name Colonel Edgar T. Ensign, a Civil War veteran, a pioneer resident of Colorado Springs, and a citizen of prominence. But Mr. Strachan's indorsements were so numerous, and so thoroughly represented the business and professional interests of the city, as well as the party leaders, that Mr. Brooks wisely decided in favor of this candidate. In so doing he has acted entirely for the harmony of the party and the best interests of the people of Colorado Springs.

Mr. Strachan is a man of excellent business attainments and has made a splendid record as County Assessor, in which office he is now serving his second term. There is every reason to believe that his administration of the affairs of the postoffice will be careful, energetic and businesslike, and as satisfactory to the people as his appointment now is. Colorado Springs is a rapidly growing city, and its postoffice is especially important because of the summer tourist rush which at that season greatly increases the business and calls for the exercise of unusual executive ability. It is fortunate that the postmaster-to-be is a man in whose capacity to discharge these important duties the people have confidence.

STATE OWNERSHIP IN GERMANY.

IN DISCUSSING economic questions it is an exceedingly dangerous thing to apply to one country conclusions based on certain conditions which prevail in another. To say that because municipal or state ownership is sometimes a good thing in England, or France, or Germany, it must therefore be equally good in the United States, is the merest sophistry, for conditions here, both economic and political, are entirely different from those in Europe. It is interesting to study the workings of these systems abroad, and also profitable, for we must admit that there are many things to be learned from the experience of our European cousins. However, we must not jump at the conclusion that because they secure excellent results by following a certain procedure, we can do as well by making that procedure our own.

The Gazette yesterday published a brief summary of a work printed in Germany by Privy Councilors Hoff and Schwabach, whom the Prussian Government sent to this country in 1904 to study American railway systems. One of the findings to be expected is that the American roads killed six times and injured twenty-nine times as many passengers as the Prussian roads. We have become so used to hearing American railroads indicted as merciless monsters which live on human blood that no comparisons of this kind could be surprising. But the feature of the report of most timely interest concerns freight rates. The German investigators found that freight rates nominally averaged 0.73 cents per ton per mile in the United States, against 1.36 cents in Prussia, but they declare that the comparison is fallacious because it ignores essential facts. The case is stated thus:

> The American statistics include freight carried for the railways themselves, while the Prussian statistics show only "pay freight." The American statistics include high class goods carried by express companies, which class is not included in the Prussian figures. The American roads receive immense sums for carrying the mails and the Prussian lines almost nothing, and besides, the latter carry a volume of postal packages for which the American roads get large extra sums from the express companies. The original cost of construction of the Prussian lines was 63 per cent higher per mile, than that of the American roads. If conditions were equalized at all of these points, Herren Hoff and Schwabach figure that the American average for freight would be 1.44 cents per ton per mile and that of Prussia 0.95.

This explanation is valuable, inasmuch as the opponents of rate regulation in this country make a strong point of the argument that American freight rates are much lower than those of European roads. Incidentally, this emphasizes the observation made at the beginning of this article, that it is never safe to make unqualified comparisons in such matters. Perhaps if our railroads had been built under the same conditions and were operated in every department under the same conditions as the German roads, both the freight and passenger charges would be vastly different. It is worthy of note that the German investigators found that the passenger rate in America was 2.02 cents per mile as against 0.98 cents in Prussia.

It should be borne in mind that very few of the railways in Germany are privately owned. In 1874 the government began gradually acquiring possession of the transportation lines, and now twenty-nine out of every thirty-two miles of railway in the Empire are owned by the government. A writer in Everybody's Magazine who has been making an investigation though how thoroughly, and with what ability we do not know declares that the net annual profits of all state owned railways for ten years have been between five and six per cent, which is reckoned as just so much taken from the taxes needed to pay government expenses. Of course there are the usual difficulties incident to a government entering into private business, and they may be more serious than the writer referred to makes it appear, for the tone of his article indicates that he went there with a preconceived determination to make out a case for government ownership.

In the United States such wonderful strides have been made by the railroads under private ownership and the country has been so tremendously developed by them, that the means resorted to in Germany are not to be thought of. The evils of the rebate and of discriminating freight rates are of the greatest importance, but it is apparent that Congress has the power to enact legislation which will cure these evils without disturbing the vast industrial system by which our transportation lines have been constructed and operated, and with which the welfare of the country is so intimately connected.

DOLAN AND THE COAL STRIKE.

PRESIDENT PATRICK DOLAN of the Pittsburg district of the United Mine Workers of America seems likely to be an exceedingly troublesome neighbor for President John Mitchell in the next few weeks. Efforts to oust the district leader have so far failed, and it is said that he is rapidly gaining strength in his opposition to the threatened strike. This is not surprising, for it has been known all the time that the miners are divided on the question. Present conditions are totally different from those which prevailed in 1900 and again in 1902. There is plenty of steady employment at high wages and under satisfactory working conditions. Stripped of unessentials, the real reason for calling this strike is to enforce recognition of the union; that is, to rally the men around their leaders and strengthen the sway of the United Mine Workers. This will impress the average citizen as a very poor excuse for precipitating an industrial struggle which will mean the loss of millions of dollars and cause serious suffering to thousands of women and children who are dependent for support on the men who will be thrown out of employment.

In his statement issued yesterday President Dolan talks good, hard, common-sense. "Let us be honest about these things," he says. "Our wages have been increased more than 100 per cent and our hours of labor have been decreased from one to three hours since 1897. Is it right under this Ryan resolution to jeopardize all these things?" The public has been accustomed to regard John Mitchell as a labor leader of transcendent abilities, but Mr. Dolan declares that the miners have never yet won a big strike under his direction, and cites a long list of disastrous defeats into which he has led them. He says that Senator Hanna settled the great anthracite strike of 1900, and President Roosevelt brought the even greater struggle of 1902 to an end, which everybody knows to be true.

It must be admitted though that Mitchell showed superb generalship in his conduct of the 1902 strike, for he not only held his forces together and strengthened the union but, what was most important of all, he kept public sympathy overwhelmingly on his side. This in the end was the reason for his success, for it was the backing of the people that enabled the President to persuade the operators to agree to arbitration.

Men whose wages have been increased 100 per cent, and whose hours of labor have been shortened from one to three hours in the period of nine years certainly can not have serious cause for complaint. If the threatened strike is brought about, popular sympathy will not be on the side of the miners, nor will it be wasted on the mine operators. Both parties to this dispute are conducting themselves in the most arbitrary fashion, with regard only for their own respective interests. Some day there will be a realization of the fact that the public has rights of its own in labor disputes which involve large sections of the country and affect the welfare of thousands of people. These rights were entirely ignored in the last two anthracite strikes, and they will be ignored again if President Mitchell succeeds in bringing on another conflict. As usual, the miners and the operators will dance and the public will pay the piper.

It is now predicted that the Algeciras conference will fail, which is said to be just what Germany wants, since there is no hope of her demands being sanctioned by the Powers. For once Willie Hohenzollern has made a bluff that didn't go, and everybody is glad of it.

How grateful the President must be for such a valiant defender as Tom Patterson! If he really needed a defender, and if Patterson's defense was worth anything, he might wear a smile of pleasure, instead of amusement.

Chicago's latest sensation is a church riot in which one man was fatally shot and a priest was stabbed. When the news from Russia gets tame Chicago can be depended upon to supply the big headlines.

The New York State Senate succeeded in passing one bill in thirty-four days. This isn't bad. It might have done worse by passing a good many bad bills.

Tom Lawson wants five honest men to take charge of his insurance interests. How can he expect to find five, when even Diogenes couldn't find one?

The French lawyer who hired himself to the Countess Castellane and also to the Count, appreciates the value of working both sides of the road.

Late bulletins from the bedside of Count Boni indicate that he will pull through if liberal doses of alimony are administered.

The Mormon "oath of vengeance" may not be subversive of the Constitution, but it isn't the essence of patriotism, either.

It is hardly fair to condemn the rest of the country for any deficiencies in dramatic taste which may be apparent in the metropolis. Paris is France and London is England, but New York is by no means America.—Pittsburg Gazette.

LIEUT. PIKE'S DIARY

For One Hundred Years Ago Today

Thursday, 13th February, 1806.—We were favoured with a beautiful day; took the latitude and found it to be 47 deg. 42 min. 40 sec. N. It was at this place Mr. Thompson made his observations in 1798, from which he determined that the source of the Mississippi was 47 deg. [illegible] N. [illegible] walk about three miles back into the country; one of our men marched to [illegible] and returned by one o'clock for the stem of the Sweet's pipe, a matter of more consequence in his affairs with the Sioux than the diploma of many an ambassador. We feasted on white fish, roasted on two iron grates, fixed horizontally in the back of the chimney—the entrails left in the fish.

CHANGING RATES.

Information from Washington is to the effect that the senate will accept the Hepburn bill with some modification. The house bill is not definite as to the powers of the federal courts in the premises. It only says that the rates established by the commission shall stand until overturned "by a court of competent jurisdiction." Naturally, the railways object to this because it is so elusive and indefinite. They want the privilege of appealing to the higher courts with the old rates standing until overturned. We do not think that the people of the country will stand for the amendment as stated. If such an institution as the Interstate Commerce commission establishes a rate the natural inference is that it is proper. This is a court, and while appeal may be allowed, it is certain that the decision ought to stand until reversed.

For many years the railways have had the advantage of holding up decisions until passed upon by the court of last resort. When the shipper has been successful he has secured only the amount of freight rates involved. In the meantime thousands of other shippers have lost the money which they ought not to have paid. The advices from Washington are to the effect that the senate amendments will strive to keep the whole question of rates in litigation as formerly, so that the rates established by the Interstate Commerce commission will not become operative until passed upon by the supreme court of the United States.

The American people have confidence in their agents and are willing to be guided by the courts established. If the Interstate Commerce commission establishes a rate it ought to stand until overturned, otherwise we shall have no relief. Corporations can litigate until the millennium. The shipper cannot afford to make the test. The only question is of the original jurisdiction of the Interstate commissioners. We think that the people are willing to trust the new court. Only seven representatives voted against the bill as adopted by the house.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Colorado Comment

AN EXPENSIVE LUXURY.

One of the Denver district judges imposed a fine of $500 on the district attorney for contempt, and to be committed to jail until the fine was paid. Probably Judge Johnson is of the opinion that district attorneys are expensive luxuries.—Pagosa Times.

◆ ◆

THE WESTERN FEDERATION.

Now the Idaho authorities are after the Western Federation leaders again. One Simpkins, said to be a member of the "inner circle," is badly wanted in connection with the assassination of ex-Governor Steunenberg. It may well be that Colorado is not through with this gang yet. They were driven out of Idaho once, but they went back, and are at their old tricks and if political conditions in this state should lead them to believe that they would be tolerated here again, they would come back. Certainly they would if a Patterson candidate for governor should be elected.—Victor Daily Record.

◆ ◆

YOUNG MEN IN POLITICS.

This is a great time for young men in politics. The recent upheavals in many states have resulted in bringing many younger men to the front. This is especially true in the Republican party, though the Democrats share in it to some extent. The most striking instance is Speaker Wadsworth of the New York assembly, but if Longworth is put up for governor of Ohio, that will be even more conspicuous. It is all in striking contrast to the Democratic party of this state, which has been run for many years by the same old set of managers and officeholders.—Trinidad Chronicle-News.

◆ ◆

TEDDY TOO SWIFT.

It has been many a year since congress had as big a man to do business with in the White house as it now has. The president is a man of very positive convictions, a trait of all strong men who make their mark in this world. So far he has had the good judgment to be generally right as the favorable vote on his favorite measures in congress proves. The peevish cry from the senate that he is trying to "run" congress is the wail of men who are outclassed by the man they criticise. He initiates plans and policies and puts them into effect while the dreamy old senate sleeps and sometimes the benefits from his official acts arrive before the senate is sufficiently aroused to understand what is going on.—Victor Daily Record.

Near to Nature

LIGHT ON THE STRAIGHT AND DUSTY WAY.

The editor believes in improved sidewalks, so has built a quarter of a mile the past week out of sawdust. As the council failed to furnish an electric light for North Goldendale, this was a necessity. The editor can now hit "the trail" after night when slightly jagged, as the sawdust looms up in the dark like a glow worm.—Goldendale Sentinel.

◆ ◆

THE EDITOR VOICES HIS CONTEMPT.

This is the time of the year when the Times office receives its full share of clubbing propositions from big publications that want to swell their own subscription list at our expense. From one to three letters are received daily, and they make us all prices, and some of the cheaper publications offer to pay for names that they can enter on their books as subscribers. We have two places for such propositions, the back window and the stove.—Metz (Mo.) Times.

◆ ◆

THE EDITOR'S FACE.

Look out for some heavy editorials shortly. We have pasted a picture of the editor of the Emporia Gazette before our desk for inspiration.—Leavenworth Times.

Whatever may be said of the face of the editor of this paper—which, to use a typographical expression, is 96 point extended—it has never been used for inebriation. It has been successfully used in cases of sluggish liver; a number of gentlemen in Emporia whose circulation is impaired, used it successfully to start heart action; it flushes the face, quickens the breath, loosens the vocabulary, increases the temperature. It is a familiar object at the note counter of the bank every ninety days, and is good at the various grocery stores around town for thirty days' credit. As a face it is not a startling success. It lacks expression. It looks like a rear view of Cupid taken from another exposure. Other faces have more in them; his face has nothing but features in it, and they are a job lot representing Grecian, Gothic, and Irish architecture.—William A. White in Emporia (Kas.) Gazette.

ALIEN SWARM

Gives Problem to Cities

Immigrants Crowd Into the Slums While Farm Districts Cry for Labor—Influx Million a Year.

ALL sorts of schemes are being suggested for the solution of the immigration problem, says William E. Curtis, in the Chicago Record-Herald. It seems to be growing more serious every year and Commissioner Sargent, in his recent report, declares that "at the present rate of immigration, say 1,000,000 per annum—and the present rate of natural increase, 1.466 per cent per annum—the United States will reach the density of China in about four generations, or, more particularly, in 136 years we shall have a population of 950,000,000."

Mr. Sargent bases this estimate upon arrivals for [illegible] which were [illegible], but he should have taken into consideration the fact that the increase over the previous year was 213,629, and that this proportional ratio of increase has continued for several successive years. During the six months ended December 1, 1905, the number of arrivals has been 545,149, as against [illegible] for the same period in 1904; an increase of more than 100,000. During the month of October, 1905, they were 88,758, while during the corresponding month in 1904 they were 75,327, an increase of 13,431. It may be expected that the persecutions and political disturbances in Russia will cause a very large increase in the immigration from that country, including Poland and Finland. Indeed it has already begun. Almost every ship that has arrived from Europe within the last month has been loaded with Russian and Polish Jews seeking peace and safety.

Tremendous Problem.

Commissioner Sargent, in his annual report, discusses this subject seriously and tries to impress upon congress and the public the magnitude and gravity of the problem which, he says, "looms so largely in the prospects of our country that it may be said, without giving just cause to charge exaggeration, that all other questions of public economy relating to things rather than to human beings, shrink into comparative insignificance."

Of the 1,026,499 immigrants, 724,914 were men and 301,585 were women; 114,658 were children under 14 years, and 60,412 were 45 years of age or over.

There were 230,882 absolutely illiterate and 8,209 who could read, but not write.

The financial condition of the immigrants is shown by Commissioner Sargent's report. He says that 235,282 were minors who brought no money, 679,565 brought less than $50 each, while 111,652 brought more than $50 each. The total amount of money brought by all immigrants was $25,159,012, or $4,-264,623 more than was brought last year, an average of only $24.42 each. The financial average per capita condition of the different races upon entering the country is shown by the following statement:

	Average per capita.		Average per capita.
French	$62.10	Italian	$16.77
English	57.30	Croatian	[illegible]
Scotch	50.20	Slovaks	15.72
German	43.70	Magyars	15.10
Irish	29.00	Hebrews	14.60

The following table will show the races represented by arriving immigrants and the number of each who arrived during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905:

	Number.		Number.
Italians	226,320	French	11,347
Hebrews	129,910	Japanese	11,021
Poles	102,437	Turkey in Asia	6,157
Germans	82,360	Portugal	5,028
Scandinavians	62,284	Turkey in Europe	4,542
Irish	54,266	Netherlands	4,954
Slovaks	52,368	Switzerland	4,269
English	50,865	Mexico	2,637
Magyars	46,030	Spain	2,600
Croatians	35,104	South America	2,576
Lithuanians	18,604	Wales	2,503
Finnish	17,012	Canada	2,168
West Indies	16,641	China	2,166
Ruthenians	14,473	Australia	2,091
Greeks	12,144		
Bohemians	11,757		

Add Little to National Wealth.

It will thus be seen that very few of the immigrants will add to the wealth of this country except by their labor, and the tables showing their occupations is not at all encouraging. Almost every occupation known to human activity is represented, 75 in all, including actors, architects, clergymen, editors, electricians, lawyers, literary and scientific persons, musicians, physicians, teachers and butchers, bakers and candlestickmakers, but the largest number reported themselves as common laborers; the next largest number as farm laborers, and the next as servants, while 232,918 reported that they had no occupation. There were 29,206 tailors, 11,226 "mariners," 15,496 carpenters, 11,986 clerks, 11,599 shoemakers, 10,360 miners. Altogether, the skilled laborers numbered 180,112 and the professional men 13,643. Most of those who reported themselves as having no occupation are women.

As usual, the greater part of the new-comers settled down immediately in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston, and other large cities, where they are overcrowding the tenement houses and increasing the dangers that always attend a congested, illiterate population. The north Atlantic states, where they are least needed, took, altogether, 699,340 or 68 per cent, of the immigrants, while the south Atlantic states, where they are most needed, got only 32,373, or 3 per cent. New York alone got 315,511, or 31 per cent; Pennsylvania, 210,708, or 20 per cent; Illinois, 72,770, or 7 per cent, and California, which is crying out for labor, only 20,-823, or 2 per cent.

The following table will show the distribution of the immigrants among the different states and territories:

New York	315,510	South Dakota	2,921
Pennsylvania	210,708	Maine	2,798
Illinois	72,770	Dis. of Colum	2,330
Massachusetts	72,151	Vermont	2,271
New Jersey	57,258	Montana	2,125
Ohio	49,351	Oregon	1,955
Connecticut	26,174	Utah	1,726
Michigan	21,397	Porto Rico	1,639
California	20,823	Virginia	1,600
Missouri	18,653	Mississippi	1,342
Minnesota	17,080	Delaware	1,231
Wisconsin	14,660	Wyoming	956
Hawaii	11,978	Alabama	912
Rhode Island	9,474	Arizona	854
Florida	8,972	Tennessee	782
Washington	8,774	Nevada	687
West Virginia	8,691	Kentucky	681
Maryland	8,511	Idaho	645
Indiana	6,712	Georgia	518
North Dakota	5,546	Indian Territory	488
Iowa	5,412	Arkansas	422
Louisiana	5,561	New Mexico	335
Colorado	4,491	South Carolina	328
Texas	4,022	Oklahoma	260
Nebraska	3,410	North Carolina	183
Kansas	3,370	Alaska	152
New Hampshire	3,001	Philippines	6

Better Distribution Needed.

It is not necessary for these immigrants to stop in the city of New York, although few of them have sufficient means to pay railroad fare to the western and southern states, where their labor is greatly needed, and if proper measures were taken: If congress would act upon the recommendations of Commissioner Sargent a large number might be distributed where they would supply the need for their services and relieve the peril caused by their settlement in the large cities. Mr. Sargent has again and again urged the establishment of state agencies at Ellis island, where authorized persons could give immigrants information as to the best places for them to locate and send them in the proper direction. For example, farm hands are badly needed on the plantations of the south, and if the state of Louisiana or Mississippi had an intelligent agent at Ellis island to select experienced men for those sections, a great many might be sent in that direction. It would not be practicable to send tailors or stonemasons to the Yazoo Valley, but thousands of ordinary farm laborers, such as come from the southern part of Italy, would find suitable employment and a climate to which they are accustomed.

Among the immigrants from Poland, Hungary and Italy are thousands of men and women who have been accustomed to work in orchards, vineyards and sugar beet fields similar to those of California, where such industries have in a measure been arrested because of the inability to secure help. California could easily absorb a hundred thousand or more of these immigrants, and the surrounding states an equal number. The sugar beet industry in Colorado, as in California, has reached its limit because of the lack of labor. Every season the beet and fruit farmers bring hundreds of Indian and Mexican peons from New and old Mexico and Arizona, to pick strawberries and orchard fruit and weed the beet fields, and yet last year Colorado got only 4,500 immigrants, when it could have taken care of ten times as many.

Half the other states are in similar need of labor, and might be supplied if intelligent methods were used; if state employment agencies were established at Ellis island to select the classes of people that are needed and send them where they are needed.

Work, Not Eloquence Needed.

Last spring there was a so-called immigration convention in Washington, attended by delegates from all of the southern states, who made eloquent speeches depicting the glory of "the Southland," passed a lot of resolutions, partook of an elaborate banquet, paid their respects to the president and went home, without effecting the slightest change in the destination of a single immigrant. If they had expended the money which that convention cost in giving information to the new arrivals at Ellis island, they might have accomplished something practical, but all the eloquence in the south cannot attract a single field hand from any country in the world.

Arrangements should be made with steamship agents in Europe to place in the hands of their passengers printed matter bearing the indorsement of state officials saying that people acquainted with fruit culture and beet farming are wanted in Colorado and California, and telling them that they will find official agents upon their arrival at Ellis island who will give them reliable information and send them to places where they will obtain profitable employment.

The same method should be adopted by the southern states, and then something practical will be accomplished. Commissioner Sargent also recommends measures to secure the co-operation of foreign countries in reduc[illegible] ber of immigrants and preve[illegible] who are not desirable from lea[illegible] homes. He thinks this might [illegible] by holding an international co[illegible] of delegates who have had practi[illegible] perience in handling immigrants. [illegible] thinks that it is necessary also to [illegible] our laws and regulations concerning [illegible] migration translated into foreign languages and posted in the various steamship offices in foreign countries and distributed as widely as possible.

Relation Between Aliens and Crime.

Mr. Sargent gives us some startling information concerning the increase of crime, depravity, disease and other dangers to the social and political security of the country, due, largely, to this enormous immigration. He says that they might be lessened considerably "by distributing aliens now congregating in our large cities to those parts of the United States where they can secure employment without displacing others and where the conditions of existence do not tend to the fostering of disease, depravity and resistance to the social and political safety of the country." It is impossible to believe that a practical device cannot be found, he says, "if not through the action of the federal government alone, then with the co-operation of the state and civic authorities."

Mr. Sargent adds: "Whether such a plan could be brought into existence through the efforts of our general government, or whether, under and of its constitutional powers, expressed or implied, the congress could itself legislate directly upon sanitary or moral grounds against the notorious practice of housing aliens with less regard for health and comfort than is shown in placing brute animals in pens, the bureau is unprepared to say, even if an expression of its views upon the subject were necessary. It is, however, convinced that no feature of the immigration question so insistently demands public attention and effective action. The evil to be removed is one that is steadily and rapidly on the increase, and its removal will strike at the roots of fraudulent elections, poverty, disease and crime in our large cities, and, on the other hand, largely supply that increasing demand for all labor to develop the natural resources of our country."

He shows that there are now 319,885 inmates in our public reformatory and charitable institutions, of whom 97,974, or 29 per cent are foreign born, and 39,-646, or 11 per cent, absolute aliens, who have never even been naturalized. Of these, 19,764 are insane. The largest number (11,980) are Irish. The Germans come next, with 9,050, the English third (4,284), the Italians 3,266, the Scandinavians 3,125, the Hebrews 2,765, the Poles 2,064 and the French 1,948.

You will notice the remarkably small number of Jews, Poles and Italians in charitable institutions, in comparison with the large numbers who have come into the country within the last few years.

NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA.

A spoonful of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, after meals for a few days is almost sure to relieve this distressing complaint. It strengthens the nerves of the stomach, stimulates the secretions and accelerates the progress of digestion. Try it. If first bottle does not benefit you, get your money back, so it costs you nothing if it fails.

THE EDITED COMEDY.

Clyde Fitch was greatly enjoying a musical comedy.

"It is superb," he said to one of the authors. But that gentleman, with a sour smile, replied:

"You are not complimenting me. You are complimenting the manager. I confess I don't recognize my own book at all."

Mr. Fitch laughed.

"Take that in good part," he said. "You are coining money. Then take it as a friend of mine in London did.

"At a musical comedy in London, from my seat in the stalls, I noticed a young man in one of the boxes laughing uproariously. My companion was a critic. I said to him:

"'The chap in the box seems to be enjoying himself.'

"'He is the author,' said my friend.

"'Well, then,' said I, 'I think he ought to have better taste than to laugh so loud.'

"'Oh,' said the critic, 'he is the author, but he never heard these jokes before. They were put in by the comedian.'"—New York Tribune.

Fifty Years the Standard

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

A Cream of Tartar Powd[illegible]
Made From Grapes
No Alum

,000,00
Cashier;
MacNeill,

MELLIN'S For the Baby FOOD

What better testimonial do you want, than the words of the mothers, who have used Mellin's Food for their babies? Ask any mother, who has raised her baby on Mellin's Food, and see if it is not [illegible]

[illegible] Gold Medal, [illegible]

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Wise People Use Hardesty's Extracts They Conquer Criticism

New Spring Shirts

In all the latest designs, light or dark colored madras, oxford and percale, soft or stiff bosom, detached cuffs. Are ready here at $1.00

HOLBROOK & PERKINS

MEN'S LEAGUE

G. A. R. TO ATTEND MEETING TONIGHT AT FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—A LINCOLN PROGRAM.

[illegible] held [illegible] special invitation has been issued by Colorado Springs post No. 22, G. A. R., and the Women's Relief corps [illegible] the open meeting of the [illegible] of the First Presbyterian church tonight. The meeting [illegible] shape [illegible] the form of a "Lincoln [illegible]" in memory of the martyred [illegible] whose birthday anniversary [illegible] yesterday. The meeting, which is open to the public, will be [illegible] at 7:45 o'clock and will be presided over by H. H. Seldomridge, vice president of the league. The following is the program for the evening:

Music—Organ .... Prof. Stevens
Prayer of Invocation
Introductory Remarks by the Chairman of the Evening
Address—Abraham Lincoln....L. E. Gratton
Music—"We Are Coming, Father Abraham"....Mr. Aitken and Quartet
Address—Lincoln, the Humorist ....Judge Robert Kerr
Music—Tramp, Tramp, Tramp ....Mr. Gambrill and Quartet
Address—Lincoln, the Statesman ....Mr. W. C. Robinson
Recitation—"Lincoln's Address at Gettysburg" ....Leland Pollock
Music—Tenting on the Old Camp Ground ....Quartet
Address—Lincoln, the Lawyer ....Mr. George Gardner
Music—Battle Hymn of the Republic ....Quartet and Audience

List your property for sale or rent with H. A. Scurr, 20 South Tejon.

LARGEST CHORUS CHOIR EVER HEARD IN CITY AT UNION CHURCH MEETING

Probably the largest chorus ever heard in Colorado Springs will sing at the union meeting of the city churches Sunday evening at Temple theater. Every church will be asked to send its choir to the meeting and Dr. C. G. Woolsey, leader of the First Baptist church choir, will direct the combined chorus.

The service, which is to begin at 7:30 o'clock, will be addressed by the Rev. P. A. Baker, of Columbus, O., national superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league, on the work of the league. The local committee having charge of the arrangements comprises the Rev. C. B. Willcox, of the First M. E. church, chairman; the Rev. C. S. Brooks, of the First Christian church, and the Rev. A. W. Moore, of the Second Congregational church.

At a meeting of the Colorado Springs Ministerial association yesterday, it was voted to co-operate with the management of the Pike's Peak Centennial celebration by holding services commemorative of the life of Lieutenant Zebulon Montgomery Pike on the opening day of the celebration, September 2.

HEAVY TRAVEL TO COAST.

Owing to the heavy travel to the Pacific coast and the low colonist rate in effect Feb. 15th, the Rio Grande has put on an extra tourist sleeper daily on noon train.

The most reliable preparation for kidney troubles on the market is Foley's Kidney Cure. For sale by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

CHOICE

OF ANY MAN'S SUIT OR OVERCOAT THAT FORMERLY SOLD FOR $18, $20, $22.50 AND $25 NOW, YOUR CHOICE FOR

$11.00

This includes the finest makes of custom tailor-made clothing such as Rogers, Peet & Co. and Washington Co.'s high art clothes.

THE HUB

CLOTHING CO.
Buyers of the A. H. WHAITE & CO. stock.
18-20 S. Tejon St.

Fancy Vests

A man never has too many vests in his wardrobe. Better add one or two to your collection. Neat figures, checks, stripes, from $1.50 to......$4.00

HOLBROOK & PERKINS

BOY BADLY HURT

STEPPED IN FRONT OF MOVING TRAIN AT D. & R. G. DEPOT. SHOULDER AND ARM BROKEN.

Earl Baird, call boy for the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad company at Pueblo, was seriously injured at the depot in this city by stepping in front of a moving train. The young man came to Colorado Springs on Missouri Pacific train No. 12, and in leaving the train stepped directly in front of south bound passenger No. 13, which was just pulling into the depot. He was thrown to one side, receiving a compound fracture of the right arm and shoulder. He was removed to St. Francis hospital.

An examination disclosed symptoms that the young man had received internal injuries, but to what extent cannot now be determined. He also received a severe concussion of the brain that has left him in a semiconscious condition. Baird is unable to remember anything about the accident, how it happened, or why he is up here from Pueblo.

In spite of the protests of the physicians attending the young man, his parents had him removed to Pueblo last night at 10 o'clock on a D. & R. G. train. Dr. J. T. Estill said last night that Baird would probably die within twenty-four hours from internal injuries.

SCHOOL AUTHORITIES SAVE EYESIGHT AND HEARING OF PUPILS

The public schools throughout the United States have long made it their object to look after the eyesight and hearing of their pupils. By rigid examination and careful seating, much good has been done for children afflicted with imperfect eyesight or defective hearing.

Colorado Springs has not been behind in looking out for her school children. Many former students are indebted to the school examination which first showed the defects in their eyesight or hearing and which resulted in ultimate cure.

About eight years ago the board of education, upon the recommendation of the superintendent, decided to examine the eyes and ears of the pupils enrolled in the public schools of the city. From these examinations data were compiled and a record was kept on file in the office of the superintendent, showing the exact condition of the eyes and ears of every pupil. When the plan was formed, the task of examination was allotted to a resident oculist, but since that time, it having been determined that the principal of a school could conduct the examinations, the task has become one of his duties, and examinations have since been made regularly by him.

When a pupil is examined and the eyesight or hearing found defective, the parents or guardians are immediately acquainted with the fact and a request is made that treatment be given at once. In a few instances where financial embarrassment would not permit of treatment at the family's expense, the board of education has defrayed the cost of treatment.

In seating the pupils in the schoolroom it has been the care of the board to have the teachers seat the pupils so that those with weakened eyesight or hearing would not be compelled to strain these senses in school work. Special attention has been given the question of artificial light and it has been the endeavor of the schools to plan the child's work so that he or she is able to do a maximum amount of work by natural light.

Parents and scholars alike have cooperated with the principals and teachers, and for eight years the work has been carried on with much success.

COUNCIL ADJOURNS TO MEET THURSDAY NIGHT

Six aldermen were present at the session of the city council last evening, Aldermen Tucker and Hill being absent. After some discussion the council voted to adjourn until Thursday evening, February 15, at which time it is probable that a committee report upon the operations of the Pike's Peak Hydro-Electric company will be presented for consideration. Several ordinances are also upon the table for consideration, including the curb line ordinance.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES

About forty Y. M. C. A. men will accompany the team which goes to Pueblo next week to compete for the state championship cup. The members of the local team are in the best of condition and look forward to the winning of the cup with much confidence.

J. P. Bailey, state secretary of the Nebraska Y. M. C. A., will address the membership meeting at the association building tonight. Music and refreshments will be the features of the entertainment.

List your property for sale or rent with H. A. Scurr, 20 South Tejon.

E. W. ADAMS LIKELY TO BE ASSESSOR

FRIENDS MAKE STRONG CLAIMS FOR HIS CANDIDACY. R. R. BINGHAM AND JOS. SCHISLER MENTIONED.

The announcement that President Roosevelt has nominated Alex. J. Strachan to be postmaster in this city, and that Mr. Strachan's name will be sent to the senate today for confirmation with every prospect that it will go through, has resulted in several candidates coming out for the unexpired term of county assessor. The position will be filled by appointment by the board of county commissioners.

Three candidates have so far been announced, Evart W. Adams, present chief deputy county assessor, R. R. Bingham and Jos. Schisler. Friends of all three are making strong claims for the appointment, but it appears that the logical successor to Mr. Strachan will be Mr. Adams. The office is now preparing to make the forthcoming assessment of property in the county, and it is urged that now, more than any other time, perhaps, it is necessary to have a man at the head of the office who is familiar with the work in hand. While the Republicanism of the three candidates mentioned is beyond question, the friends of Mr. Adams assert that he is especially qualified for the position.

Evart W. Adams is 37 years of age, and came to Colorado 12 years ago. He has resided in El Paso county for the last eight years. For the last four years he has been in the office of the county assessor, and for the last three years has been chief deputy, having charge of the general work of the office. Mr. Adams has given general satisfaction in his present position, and is receiving the strongest possible indorsement from prominent business men of the city.

ALLEGED DENVER BURGLARS CAUGHT

NEGROES CHARGED WITH RIFLING A PAWNSHOP ON JAN. 25 ARE ARRESTED BY LOCAL OFFICERS.

Howard Brooks, alias Joe Williams, and William Davis, alias William Lee, both negroes, were arrested yesterday by City Detectives Shultz and Rowan upon suspicion of being implicated in the burglary and robbery of a pawnshop belonging to Wm. Berger, 1509 Seventeenth street, Denver, on January 25. Officers will be here from Denver today for the prisoners.

On the night of January 25 the store at 1509 Seventeenth street was entered and robbed of 28 watches, Elgin and Waltham movements, four revolvers, two dozen ladies' rings, two pairs of shoes, three seal rings, half a dozen hats, ten pairs of striped trousers, half a dozen suits of clothing, three telescopic valises, two suit cases, a dozen gold plated watch chains and three long silver neck chains, together with other plunder.

The robbery was reported to the Denver police department and ten days later Albert Russell, a negro, was arrested upon suspicion of being implicated in a murder case. When searched, Russell had a revolver that was recognized as being one of those stolen from Berger's store. After some questioning Russell told the officers where to find two of the guns and declared that his partner who had gone to Colorado Springs or Cripple Creek had the fourth revolver. A description of Brooks and Davis was sent to the sheriff here and a copy furnished to the police. After considerable work, Brooks was arrested in the North park at noon yesterday by Detectives Shultz and Rowan, and three hours later Lee was taken into custody on Pike's Peak avenue.

A peculiar feature of the case is that three years ago Russell broke into the same store on Seventeenth street, Denver, and was sent to Canon City. He was released only last month and at once returned to Denver and did the same trick again.

"The Uses and Abuses of Politics" will be the subject of a lecture to be given at the men's meeting in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium Thursday evening by former Governor Alva Adams. This is the first of a series of lectures to be given at the Y. M. C. A. on "Present Day Politics."

Weak, Weary Women

Learn the Cause of Daily Woes and End Them.

When the back aches and throbs,
When the housework is torture,
When night brings no rest nor sleep,
When urinary disorders set in,
Woman's lot is a weary one.
There is a way to escape these woes.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure such ills.
Have cured women here in Colorado Springs.

This is one Colorado Springs woman's testimony:

Mrs. Sarah Marine, of [illegible] St. Vrain St., Colorado Springs, Colo., President of the Glen Eyrie club, writes: "I suffered for three years with severe backache. The doctors told me my kidneys were affected and prescribed medicines for me, but I found that it was only a waste of time and money to take them, and began to fear that I would never get well. A friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills. Within a week after I began using them I was so much better that I decided to keep up the treatment, and when I had used a little over two boxes I was entirely well. I have now enjoyed the best of health for more than four months, and words can but poorly express my gratitude."

Plenty more proof like this from Colorado Springs people. Call at D. Y. Butcher Drug Co.'s store and ask what their customers report.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

DRAINAGE TUNNEL TO BE DISCUSSED

MINE OWNERS AND EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEET HERE TODAY TO ORGANIZE FOR WORK

At a meeting of the executive committee in charge of the Cripple Creek drainage tunnel and the mine owners of the Cripple Creek district, to be held in the offices of Lennox & Giddings in Colorado Springs at 2 o'clock this afternoon, important steps will be taken in regard to the tunnel project, and every mine owner of the district as well as everyone interested in the project is invited to attend. It is purposed to draw up a charter and the work of organization will be pushed vigorously. Plans will be made to establish drainage tunnel headquarters, probably in Colorado Springs, from which the task of raising the money to bore the tunnel will be systematically conducted.

The meeting today is important because it gives assurance that the way is clear for the carrying out of the tunnel project. It is said that the outlook at this time is brighter than it has been since the movement for the gigantic waterway was started. With organization completed, there yet remains the task of raising the funds for construction work, but it is believed the obstacles will be easily surmounted. It has been determined that every property in the camp must sign a contract to contribute, either at this time or at some future time, and the mine owners will begin immediately to secure these contracts.

MANITOU BOY IS GRADUATED FROM NAVAL ACADEMY

Ferdinand Reichmuth, son of E. F. Reichmuth, who owns a bakery in Manitou, was one of the 71 young men who graduated from the naval academy at Annapolis yesterday with the class of 1906.

Young Reichmuth is 21 years old and has been at the naval academy for four years. He was first stroke of the boat crew which defeated Yale, Columbia and other colleges last June. He now will spend two years in sea duty. The hazing trials, expulsions, etc., have so diminished the number of men required for sea duty that it is probable he will not be able to visit home folks, as he had intended doing.

COMPETITION IS KEEN OVER CITY'S CONTRACT

Competition is keen regarding the contract for painting the city viaducts and the Huerfano street bridge. Up to 4 o'clock yesterday, when the city clerk closed his office, 10 bids had been submitted by painting contractors for the work.

Two bids were also received for the construction of the Kiowa street concrete conduit over Shook's Run. The time for submitting bids expired at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The conduit will have a 10-foot radius arch, will be 100 feet long and will have wing walls at each end. It is estimated that the work will cost $2,500. The city council has appropriated but $1,500, and interested people have subscribed $500, making a total of $2,000 that is available for the conduit.

The bids will be presented to the city council at its next meeting, but what will be done with the conduit bids, if they come up to the estimate, is a matter of speculation.

"There Is a Tide in the Affairs of Men Which Taken at the Flood Leads on to Fortune."

The opportunity to make a success comes to every individual at some time in his life, but it often appears in a disguised form and is not recognized until after it has flown. Failures in life result as often from poor health as from mismanagement, and yet people ignore this fact and disregard a cold until it has settled on their lungs and pneumonia has resulted or consumption has been contracted. The opportunity has passed and it is too late now to remove the cause. Your chance for success may rest in curing a cold, and there is nothing you can procure which acts so quickly as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is famous for its cures of coughs and colds and can always be depended upon. It counteracts any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. For sale by all druggists.

T. W. GAUSS WINNER OF LINCOLN HANDICAP

T. W. Gauss won the Lincoln handicap on the Town and Gown club golf links yesterday afternoon with a score of 71. He was presented with a cup by the club. The following scores were made:

Player.	Gross.	Handicap.	Net.
T. W. Gauss	89	18	71
C. G. Graham	91	16	81
J. S. Hubbell	97	15	81
H. C. Watt	106	24	82
H. A. Young	92	10	82
H. R. Davis	88	6	82
C. W. Davis	90	7	83
T. P. Mumford	86	2	84
J. E. McIntyre	90	6	84
W. B. Mackey	110	24	86
S. F. Hamp	95	8	87
L. L. Aitken	[illegible]	18	[illegible]
H. C. Joy	103	16	87
W. F. Hamp	112	18	94
F. J. Hobbs	116	21	95
J. B. Cralle	122	24	98
W. J. Chann	124	24	100
S. L. Caldwell	138	18	100

$100 REWARD

To any person who can find one atom of opium, chloral, morphine, cocaine, either or chloroform or their derivatives in any of Dr. Miles' Remedies, that have not been tampered with. This reward is offered because certain unscrupulous persons make false statements about these remedies.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

An Authoritative Showing of New

Spring Styles

This store is rapidly filling with new spring merchandise—each incoming freight adds more and more to the assortments. From now on you will see here the most advanced styles from the leading designers and manufacturers. The new styles—ready for you today—are more distinguished than ever heretofore by evident values of style and exclusiveness. It would be well to make selections now, before serious inroads are made upon these perfect assortments.

Stylish Suitings, Wash Fabrics, Spring Hosiery, New Ribbons, Tailored Suits, Linen Suits, New Jackets, Stylish Skirts, Handsome Waists, Neckwear, Embroideries

$5. Spring Jackets. The line we just received to sell at five dollars are truly an extraordinary value. Made of good quality covert, box back, open center vent, and fly front—latest style.

HIBBARDS

DAYLIGHT STORE 19 S. TEJON

Good Beds AND Good Mattresses

Afford comfort and health. We have introduced many high grades that have won deserved approval; and now in addition to the Ostermoor Mattresses, for which we are exclusive agents in this city, we introduce the famous "Sealy," "York," "Anchor" and "Lenox" Mattresses that, with the fine white hair Mattresses made by us, cover the entire range of strictly first class Mattresses. The hair top Box Springs made by us are the best that money can buy anywhere, and are fully warranted by us. Expert workmen in every department.

OSTERMOOR MATTRESS BETTER THAN HAIR BUILT NOT STUFFED

FEBRUARY SALE OF BEDS, MATTRESSES AND BEDROOM FURNITURE.

THE **FRED. S. TUCKER** FURNITURE CO.

20,000 sq. ft. of show rooms.

106-108 N. Tejon St.

DENVER WON GOLF

COUNTRY CLUB TEAM DEFEATED YESTERDAY — EIGHTEEN-HOLE COURSE RECORD BROKEN BY ALLEN.

In a close, well-played golf match on the Country club links yesterday afternoon, the team representing the Denver Country club defeated the Cheyenne Mountain Country club team by a score of 21 to 17. The contest was watched by a large following of golf fans, representative of Denver and Colorado Springs society. Twenty-seven holes were played, nine holes counting one point. A feature of the play was the breaking of the 18 hole course record on the Country club links by B. C. Allen. The following scores were made:

DENVER CLUB.

Player.	Points.
Woodward	3
McCartney	3
McCracken	3
Foster	0
Rickard	2
Morrison	0
Ellis	4
Black	0
M. W. Gano	3
G. W. Gano	0
Pearce	2
Hughes	0
Rogers	4
R. F. Pearce	2
Hughes	2
	21

CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN CLUB.

Player.	Points.
Tod	3
Allen	0
Ferriday	0
Douglas	0
Behley	3
Matthew	0
Shove	0
D. Carpenter	3
O'Brien	0
Chisholm	0
Connell	0
Wray	5
C. Carpenter	0
Edsall	0
A. Carpenter	0
	17

FOUNTAIN CREAMERY DESTROYED BY FIRE

Fire of unknown origin completely destroyed the creamery on Gebble Brothers' ranch, one mile east of Fountain, early Sunday morning. The creamery is valued at $1,000 and is said to have been insured. Considerable mystery surrounds the burning of the creamery. While incendiarism was at first suspected, no cause for such action is known and it is now thought that the fire was caused by accident.

Always Keep Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the House

"We would not be without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is kept on hand continually in our home," says W. W. Kearney, editor of the Independent, Lowry City, Mo. That is just what every family should do. When kept at hand ready for instant use, a cold may be checked in the outset and cured in much less time than after it has become settled in the system. For sale by all druggists.

[illegible] RIO GRANDE TRAINS TO DENVER.

4:45 a. m., 8:20, 9:05, 10:25, 2:00 p. m., 3:25, 6:10, 7:20.

TO PUEBLO.

10:30 a. m., 11:05, 12:05, [illegible], 4:10 p. m., 7:10, 9:30, 10:35, 12:25 night.

Wilbur's

We Are Showing

some very attractive things in new tailored coat suits, eton suits, silk shirt waist suits, evening dresses, lingerie waists and evening waists absolutely the correct styles for the coming season. We'll be very glad to show these garments at any time.

Waists from $2.50 to....$30.00
Suits from $25.00 to....$65.00
Costumes from $55.00 to....$100

Keep posted on "what's right" by frequent visits to this store. It will make purchasing easier when you are ready to buy.

You May Have

any this season's garment in the store at a fraction of the original price. There are not many left but you MIGHT see something you could use, considering the price. Most of our winter styles could easily be altered to conform to spring modes. Look them over when you are in.

WILL HOLD COURT IN PUEBLO AND GREELEY

Judge L. W. Cunningham leaves today for Pueblo, where he will occupy the bench in the district court for Judge John Voorhees for two or three days, and will then go to Greeley, where he will preside at a trial. Judge Cunningham will try the civil calendar in Cripple Creek beginning February 20 and it is doubtful if this work will be finished until the middle of March.

DISEASED HEARTS

transform the rich, red, gushing blood of health into a sluggish stream of thin, impoverished fluid of impurities, which carry death and decay to every organ and tissue of the body. Restore the heart action with Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure. If first bottle fails to benefit, money back.

A Winning Suit Must Be a Strong Suit

Whether it's a law-suit, a tailor-made, or a club suit.

It's in the cards for us to win, for we hold in our hands the strongest kind of a business suit: a coffee that will suit any and every taste; a coffee, indeed, that will make a man thankful for the room that's inside him.

Just try a cup. We know it'll suit you. It's called the

MEXICAN BRAND
of
MOCHA AND JAVA
35c A POUND.

Roasted daily. We serve coffee every Saturday afternoon and evening.

DERN Tea & Coffee Co
[illegible]

THE **LEADER**

New Arrivals of

SHIRT WAISTS

From 65c to $5.00 each.
250 New Style Collars and Stocks 5c to $1.00 each.
300 New Style Combs 10c to 75c each.
The New Windsor Tie at 15c to 35c each.
Ruchings worth 25c go at 10c a neck.
$1.00 Bags go at 50c.
$1.50 Bags go at 75c.

Now is your time to get bargains, as we need the room for goods daily coming in.

The Leader
108 East Cucharas.

Your credit is good at

GRANVILLE'S

Gentlemen's and ladies' and Housefurnishing Goods at reduced prices this week.

SPECIAL TODAY, LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS,

[illegible]

CRAPPER'S [illegible]

[illegible] PRIVATE [illegible]

In the Name of Sense,

that good common sense of which all of us have a share, how can you continue to buy ordinary soda crackers, stale and dusty as they must be, when for 5¢ you can get

Uneeda Biscuit

fresh from the oven, protected from dirt by a package the very beauty of which makes you hungry.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

HALF PRICE
ON ALL
Winter Overcoats
and choice of the house in suits
$11.95

5 dozen Men's $2.00 and $2.50 hats, staple shapes and colors.
$1.20

Robbins

COLORADO CITY

Mrs. S. Griffin will leave this week for California.

James Nelson left last night for Columbus, Miss.

The band boys will give a mask ball in the Wascott opera house tomorrow night.

C. E. Chester, employed at the Midland round house, is confined to his home by illness.

Albert Roberts, of Ottumwa, Ia., is visiting John Dibble and family, 316 Jefferson avenue.

H. P. Edwards will in future have charge of the music and choir of the First Christian church.

W. C. Davis, who has been laid up with a broken leg for some weeks, is able to be about on crutches.

G. H. Miller, former owner of "The Fair," left yesterday for Oklahoma City, O. T., where he will reside.

Members of the choir of the First M. E. church will present the oratorio, "David," at the church next Friday night.

George Jordan, who has been visiting his brother, W. H. Jordan, left for his home in Denison, Ia., yesterday evening.

Sherd Russell and Newt Abbey, who had served thirty days in the county jail for stealing two ducks, were released yesterday.

W. E. Mayhall and H. B. Morris left yesterday by wagon for the Badger mountain mine in Park county in which they are heavy stockholders.

J. B. Sims will leave this week for Bluff City, Utah, and will return next week with two carloads of horses, which he will market in St. Louis.

Roy Gilliland, former night captain of the police, returned yesterday from Goodland, Kas. He will soon accept a position with the Rock Island railroad.

About forty members of the newly organized "Daughters of the King," were received Sunday morning at the Church of the Good Shepherd by Bishop Olmsted of Denver.

Frank Gould, who lost his right leg in the Union Pacific railroad yards by being run over by a freight train, was an old-time Midland railroad car repairer, and has many friend in this city. He lived here a number of years.

One of the most enjoyable events of last week was the dinner party given Friday by Mrs. John B. Stephen at her home, 409 Jefferson avenue. The guests were: Mrs. Charles F. Seitter, Miss Addie Beaumont Cornish, Mrs. M. T. Burwell, Mrs. Herbert Woods, Mrs. L. Caseley, Miss Lucy Caseley and Miss Elsie Roberts.

STANDARD HEARING TO RESUME TODAY

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Examination of witnesses in the Standard Oil proceedings instituted by Attorney General Hadley, of Missouri, which was scheduled to go on today, was postponed until tomorrow.

When today was set as to the date for the hearing, the fact that it was a holiday was overlooked.

Commissioner Frederick H. Sanborn, before whom the hearings have been conducted, was in readiness to resume the hearing today; and when the witnesses did not appear, Lawyer Kohn, for Attorney General Hadley, asked that their failure to present themselves be noted in the records.

Among those noted as being in default are Henry H. Rogers, William G. Rockefeller, John D. Archbold, James A. Moffatt, Wade Hampton, Howard Page and F. Q. Barstow. In ordering the default of the witnesses recorded, Attorney Salisbury said he supposed they had been informed by their counsel that the hearings were not to proceed on account of the holiday, and that they need not attend until notified. An adjournment until tomorrow was taken upon Mr. Kohn's motion.

A THOUSAND DOLLARS THROWN AWAY.

"My wife had lung trouble for over fifteen years," writes Mr. W. W. Baker, of Plainview, Neb. "We tried a number of doctors and spent over a thousand dollars without any relief. She was very low and I lost all hope, when a friend suggested trying Foley's Honey and Tar, which I did; and thanks be to this great remedy, it saved her life. She is stronger and enjoys better health than she has ever known in ten years. We shall never be without Foley's Honey and Tar and would ask those afflicted to try it." For sale by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

List your property for sale or rent with H. A. Seurr, 20 South Tejon.

8 RIO GRANDE TRAINS TO DENVER.

4:45 a. m., 8:20, 9:05, 10:25, 2:05 p. m., 3:25, 6:10, 7:20.

TO PUEBLO 8.

10:20 a. m., 11:05, 12:06 noon, 4:10 p. m., 7:10, 9:30, 10:35, 12:25 night.

GETS LOWER VALUATION.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 12.—The county board of equalization has reduced the assessed valuation of the Southern Pacific railway from $50,000,000 to $500,000. The Southern Pacific is incorporated in Kentucky and its legal home is in Beechmont, Jefferson county. The state has sought to assess it for Jefferson county on all its property of whatever description, but recent adverse decisions of the high courts have shown the futility of this.

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall [illegible] exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and [illegible]. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror [illegible] child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, [illegible] ientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders [illegible] liable all the parts, and [illegible] nature in its sublime [illegible]. By its aid thousands [illegible] en have passed this [illegible] crisis in perfect safety [illegible] without pain. Sold at $1.00 per [illegible] by druggists. Our book of priceless [illegible] to all women sent free. Address [illegible] REGULATOR [illegible]

MOTHER'S FRIEND

OLD GOLD MINE IS SCENE OF BEACON HILL'S RICHEST FIND; RICH ORE LOCKED IN VAULTS

Special to The Gazette.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Feb. 12.—The importance of the Old Gold mine of Beacon Hill as a producer of high and medium grade ore is being revived, several shipments having been made during the last few weeks. It was said two weeks ago that a good strike had been made just above the water level at a depth of [illegible] feet. Lessees and others interested declined to confirm the rumor and after a shipment was made today they would not discuss the subject. It was learned from a stockholder who arrived here recently that not only has a strike been made, but that it is of a quality that exceeded all expectations. The ore shoot, states the informant, has a width of six or seven feet. It has been drifted on horizontally [illegible] feet and conditions in the extremities are as good as at any other point in the body. Nearly all of the ore is of marketable quality.

The strike is believed to be the richest ever made on Beacon Hill, the home of some of the richest ore in the district. The ore seems to be superior to the famous body opened in the El Paso two years ago, the latter having a content from $20 to $40 worth of gold per pound. It is said by the visiting stockholder that the sylvanite streak in the Old Gold will yield $60 worth of gold per pound. This body, the identity of which [illegible] around [illegible] the [illegible] of the Old Gold and on top of the schist. It is the same shoot, however, that has been [illegible] in the Lessee [illegible].

Its strength and general appearance encourage belief that it will prove to be another C. K. & N. shoot, which was traced for 2,000 feet. While shipments of medium grade have been proceeding, the rich material has been sacked and deposited in a vault. Three tons of high grade ore was sent to market today. It was made up of material from the rich streak and from the body beside it and is expected to yield $10,000 in gold.

CARLOAD OF ORE LEAVES SILVER TIP

Special to The Gazette.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Feb. 12.—The third carload of ore shipped from the property since the middle of last month left the Silver Tip mine of the United Gold Mines company today. Its quality is believed to be up to the average of the mine, which is $25 to the ton. It came from a shoot being opened by drift at a depth of 30 feet, where another carload is awaiting elevation to the bins. To speed the work of development, Manager Morrison has arranged for the installation of a three-drill compressor and machine drills. He expects to have this part of the plant in operation within a few days.

LAST DOLLAR ORE IS OF SUPERIOR QUALITY

Special to The Gazette.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Feb. 12.—The Last Dollar company is removing ore discovered by lessees in two shoots on upper levels and other bodies at depth. Two of these shoots are of superior quality, as may be gathered from the statement that O. M. Doemer, lessee, cleared $5,000 from shipments made from one shoot just before vacating the property.

GERMAN-AMERICAN TARIFF RELATIONS REGARDED ACUTE

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—The annual convention of the Agrarian association including in its membership 250,000 proprietors of estates, large and small, and forming one of the most powerful political bodies in the empire, opened here today at the Hippodrome. About eight thousand owners of estates were present. Dr. Von Floecker, a large land owner, of Hanover, and until recently secretary of legation at the city of Mexico, made a carefully worded statement on the trade relations with the United States:

"These relations have now become acute, because up to the present time we have not been able to conclude a new commercial agreement with the United States. Yet all know that we take twice as much from America as we send there. But unfortunately the principle of closed home market has the upper hand in the senate. President Roosevelt in spite of his admiration for Germany cannot alter the inclination of the senate. Diplomacy consists in reckoning with given facts and striving for the attainable and in this diplomacy differs from private and party life in which one so often tries to treat facts to suit one's self and to attain the impossible. We might argue that with the exception of cotton, maize and lard we could get anything else we buy from the United States from other countries. But firm as we must be in our negotiations, it would be fatal if we did not do all we could to make an agreement. The English and French would be the chief gainers were we to engage in a commercial war with the United States.

"Such a war therefore could have only one result on our side, and that would be to weaken us. But that must never be the aim of our policy. On the contrary, we have every reason in the present complicated world's situation to strengthen our ties with America, which is the only world power that can remain passive toward Great Britain and at the same time form a closer friendship with us."

Dr. Von Floecker, in conclusion, said: "Do not think too little of American friendship, but do all you can to impress upon all classes the political importance of this friendship."

GREAT BRITAIN DEMANDS COMPENSATION FROM CHINA.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Great Britain today demanded that China compensate the missionaries for the destruction of their property at Changpu, near Amoy, and also asked for the punishment of those responsible for the disorders. The government has no information regarding the reported general unrest in China beyond the reports of the consuls, which are conflicting, some of them considering that the disorders are local while others believe that they foreshadow a general anti-foreign uprising. While Great Britain with the other powers agreed at Emperor William's suggestion to withdraw her troops from Chili province, it has now been decided to leave the question in the hands of the ministers at Peking. Possibly those may decide to maintain the troops stationed at Tien Tsin and withdraw those occupying outlying stations.

COAL MINERS TO RETURN TO WORK

DUBOIS, Pa., Feb. 12.—At mass meetings held at Punxsutawney and Reynoldsville today the terms of settlement reached by officials of the United Mine Workers and General Manager Robinson of the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg coal interests, at conference held on Friday and Saturday, were ratified and the employes of 18 operations of the company will resume work tomorrow.

TURKEY WILL GRANT AMERICA'S DEMANDS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Representative Ryan, of New York, was advised today by Secretary Root that the Turkish government has assured United States Minister Leischman at Constantinople that everything will be done to wipe out the insult recently offered to the United States in the arrest of Miss N. C. Stern, of Buffalo, N. Y., and Miss Anna Snyder, of Cedar Rapids, Ia. These women were taken into custody by Turkish officials and held at a Constantinople police station for four days, regardless of the fact that they were provided with the necessary passports, vised by the Turkish consul at New York. Mr. Leischman demanded the dismissal of the officer who made the arrest and the chief of police. He also demanded that the governor of Para come personally to the American legation and apologize. The Turkish officials have agreed to comply with all these demands.

Winter coughs are apt to result in consumption if neglected. They can be soon broken up by using Foley's Honey and Tar. For sale by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

NEW YORK DOG SHOW OPENS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The annual bench show of the Westminster Kennel club was opened today at Madison Square Garden with more than 3,000 dogs, representing eighty-three different breeds, on exhibition. Many valuable prizes are to be contested for, their total value footing up to $13,000.

BUILT UP HER HEALTH.

SPEEDY CURE OF MISS GOODE

She Is Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and Writes Gratefully to Mrs. Pinkham.

For the wonderful help that she has found Miss Cora Goode, 255 E. Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill., believes it her duty to write the following letter for publication, in order that other women afflicted in the same way may be benefited as she was. Miss Goode, is president of the Bryn Mawr Lawn Tennis Club of Chicago. She writes:

Miss Cora Goode

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I tried many different remedies to build up my system, which had become run down from loss of proper rest and unreasonable hours, but nothing seemed to help me. Mother is a great advocate of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles, having used it herself some years ago with great success. So I began to take it, and in less than a month I was able to be out of bed and out of doors, and in three months I was entirely well. Really I have never felt so strong and well as I have since."

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, bloating (or flatulence), displacement of organs, inflammation or ulceration, can be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Her experience is very great, and she gives the benefit of it to all who stand in need of wise counsel. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Hemenway's Harness

Have a Reputation Behind Them as Good as Gold.

Not a doubtful piece of leather used in their construction. Not a dissatisfied customer. Our prices are lowest possible consistent with first-class material and workmanship.

Single driving harness from	$10.00 up
Double driving harness from	25.00 up
Single express harness	14.00 up
Double work harness	25.00 up

Call and see us. No trouble to show our fine line.

HEMENWAY & CO
31 SOUTH CASCADE

75,000.00
Cashier;
MacNeill,

101 ANNAPOLIS MIDSHIPMEN GET DIPLOMAS

ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 12.—The career of the class of 1906 at the naval academy was brought to its close officially in the magnificent new armory this morning, when Secretary of the Navy Chas. J. Bonaparte delivered to 101 members of the class their coveted diplomas in the presence of fully 2,500 persons. In the large crowd were the families and friends of the graduates from all over the country, and while not marked with the joyousness of similar occasions in the past, the scene was an impressive and beautiful one.

The speech of the secretary did not refer in any way to the present investigations of the academy which, however, have materially affected the traditional gaiety of the occasion and cast a damper over the whole week's ceremonies. His address was short.

At the conclusion of his remarks the secretary received the diploma of Midshipman Allan Chantry from Lieutenant Commander Magruder, who drew it from the pile of sheepskins on the table in front of him. The other "star" members who headed the class then received theirs in the order in which they stood in the final examination. The diplomas of other graduates were then drawn at random, and as each youth stepped forward and received his reward and a handclasp from the secretary, there was a round of applause.

The handsome sword given each year by the class of 1876 to the midshipman holding the best record in the department of practical and theoretical ordnance and gunnery was presented to the man who earned it this year. He was Midshipman W. A. Glassford, of Seattle, Wash., who received the prize from the hand of Secretary Bonaparte.

GENERAL BALDWIN TO DAKOTA.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Orders have been issued at the war department assigning General Baldwin to the command of the department of Dakota. General Baldwin is now temporarily in command of the southwestern division and will be relieved there by General Greely. The changes will take effect about March 1.

PRUDENTIAL WITHDRAWS SUIT.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 12.—The suit started by the Prudential Insurance company of Newark, N. J., against State Insurance Commissioner Zeno M. Host, just before the Republican state convention in May, 1904, has been withdrawn by the company.

COLORADO POSTMASTERSHIP.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Postmasters—Colorado—W. H. Ogle, Lake City; D. E. Cooper, Lamar.

MERIWETHER PARDONED.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Midshipman Minor Meriwether, Jr., of Louisiana, a member of the third class, convicted and sentenced to dismissal for hazing, has been pardoned by the president.

JAMESTOWN EXPOSITION IS TO OPEN APRIL 26.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 12.—The formal opening of the Jamestown exposition has been set for April 26, 1907, instead of May 13, 1907, as originally planned.

GERMANY'S TESTING OFFICE.

In the matter of raw materials, such as building stones, if a builder or owner anywhere in Germany discovers a stone which is valuable, he can send this to the laboratory. It will there be tested upon a large scale. One of the most interesting machines used in the whole establishment is an enormous freezing machine, by which large stones may be frozen and thawed many times in the course of a week, thus giving them all the wear and tear in a few days which they would receive from fifty years of weathering. In a similar way, machines have been invented for the testing of silks and textiles, of cotton thread, for breaking great beams of iron and steel to determine their strength and hardness and physical properties which make them valuable in manufacture or in the arts.

An immense laboratory has been built up for cement testing and the testing of building stones and earths of various kinds. Chemistry has been used in the most skillful manner to solve the problems of industry and to deal with all the complicated processes which enter into manufacture. The aim has been, on the whole, to establish an institution in which a body of experts thoroughly familiar with the facilities and the literature of modern science shall be ready to turn themselves at any time to the solution of any practical problem which the inventor, the manufacturer, the metal worker, the farmer, or the builder might bring to them.—From "How Science Helps Industry in Germany," in the Review of Reviews.

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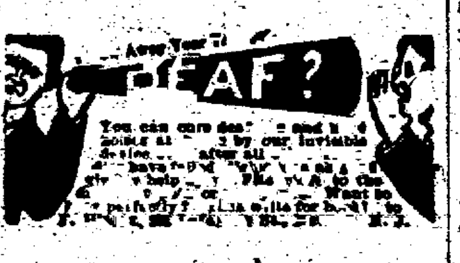
Dealers in All Leading Coals
FREIGHT AND TRANSFER.
Phone 786-A.

Good Coal

is what you want: you can't afford to freeze by [illegible] filling your bins with our [illegible].

Tudor Coal Co.

[illegible]



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MUSIC CO., 120 N. TEJON
"Pianos With a Reputation"
Tuning a Specialty.

Are Your Clothes Dusty and Spotted?

If so, have them cleaned by our perfect dry process; it cleans them thoroughly without any shrinking or getting out of shape. We are prepared to do them on short notice. Phone 653A, and we will call.

THE PANTATORIUM.
17 E. Bijou. Branch Office, 825 N. Tejon.

FOR BEST SHOES, CHEAP
Go to Handy's dissolution shoe sale.

VICTIM OF HIS OWN JOKE.

Thomas A. Edison knows that he is an inveterate smoker, but recently he became convinced that his cigars were being used by some person or persons other than himself, probably his workmen. He asked his tobacconist what could be done about it, and the dealer offered to make up some fake cigars partially filled with horsehair or rubber. Edison thought that was a good plan and then he forgot all about the matter. In a week he recalled that the tobacconist had agreed to do, and called at the store to inquire. "Why, I fixed up those cigars for you some time ago," said the man. "I put them in a fancy box and tied in the regulation yellow ribbon." The inventor smiled in a sheepish way as he remarked: "Yes, and I guess I smoked them myself."

MOVE ALONG
WITH THE
PROCESSION

That is, if you want to stay in the game. You can't keep what business you have nor get more unless you will light up.

DO YOU WANT
Your Share of Success?

Install Gas Arcs if you do.

The Gas Company
107-11 E. Kiowa Street.
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Santa Fe

California;
Only $25
First-class trains.
Through sleeper.
FEB. 15 TO APRIL 7

Santa Fe
18 NORTH TEJON ST.

Weekly Gazette
$1.00 PER YEAR

BUCOLIC [illegible]

The eye of one of our western contemporaries has been caught by the single line in a day's market report, that "no Belgian hares are on sale." Commenting on this, it observes that the statement is not in any way remarkable, for there never were any Belgian hares on sale as a food product, though three years ago it was promised—or threatened—that they would "glut the markets." Just where a craze like the Belgian hare mania definitely ends is rather hard to say, but clearly it has ended when the fruits are no longer offered in the marts. When ping-pong balls were first asked for in a store, then [illegible] keep them any more, it marked the end of that obsession, and this was is like unto it.

The cult of the Belgian hare certainly had some noteworthy features. The creature's flesh was to supply us with an excellent grade of canned chicken, or might be eaten under its own name, for that matter, while its skin was the raw material for imitating sealskin. The alarmingly prolific qualities of these animals and the extremely small expense of bringing them to maturity were always a little hard to reconcile with the fact that they cost $10 or $15 a [illegible] still prices were prices, and the [illegible] possible danger ahead was [illegible] worke[illegible] animals would in time become [illegible] held it [illegible] New Y[illegible] as rats and as cheap. But, [illegible] fulfilling its promised [illegible] mands [illegible] Belgian hare has within a few [illegible] at [illegible] hed from the ken of even The sub[illegible] ges of the magazines. [illegible] charge [illegible] is by no means unique. This shape [illegible] creature is merely one of a emplo[illegible] able group of products, animal [illegible] was [illegible] vegetable, through which for[illegible] order [illegible] promised to any one who has a [illegible] surplus capital and industry to [illegible] pose of. Among these may be mentioned the squab, the tulip, the mushroom, the spring chicken, the watercress and the ginseng plant. If it were not for these, the rural districts would never get even with the bunco games of the city or the salted mines of the mountains. Of course, we would not insinuate for a moment that each and every one of these is not altogether estimable, nor that large amounts of money have not been honestly made from their exploitation. But they all agree in this one particular: it is impossible to figure out on paper any way of losing money upon them, while it is extremely difficult in practice to make any.

Who, for instance, has not contemplated the establishment of a chicken farm? One can begin his calculation on a basis of the minimum number of fowls, assume that they will lay only half as many eggs as such birds actually do, assume that half the eggs never hatch, that half the chicks die in infancy, that half the remainder are carried off by hawks before they are marketable, that an epidemic of the pip or other ailment makes a clean sweep of half the poultry-yard biennially, and that the ruling price for broilers are cut in two and expenses doubled, still the calculation points unerringly to a snug fortune at the end of ten years, and three or four chickens to the square foot of ground still left over.

Similarly, every one is familiar with the fact that an income of several tho[illegible] a year can be realized from an ordinary cellar, if only it be planted with mushrooms. The ginseng craze, which was based, perhaps, on more alluring promises than any of its predecessors, is only now passing. The department of agriculture, which had promptly issued a bulletin warning prospective growers that the ginseng industry was "mighty uncertain," was long in receipt of a half-hundred letters a day from all parts of the country, inquiring about the prospects. If fifteen thousand a year took the trouble to look for trustworthy official [illegible] [illegible], what must have been the number who took the advertisers' statements for granted?

For all the unimpeachable demonstrations of unavoidable profits, it is nevertheless true that some men engaged in poultry raising enjoy only moderate wealth. We are told by [illegible] marketmen that by no means all of the mushrooms and squabs in the stalls were brought in by the raisers in their own automobiles. We [illegible] know of several persons who go on working for modest salaries, in spite of the fact that they invested in fifty ginseng roots back in 1902. These thi[illegible] are strange, but we cannot doubt the evidence.—New York Evening Post.

JAPAN'S INCREASING SEA POWER.

It is now possible to calculate with some degree of accuracy and completeness the net results of the late war upon the maritime strength of Japan and to estimate the place of that empire among the naval powers of the world in the near future. Authoritative details are now at hand of the success of the Japanese in raising and repairing the Russian ships which were sunk at Port Arthur and elsewhere, and the showing is most impressive. From June 12, when the mighty Bayan was raised, to October 28, when the merchant ship Kirin was rescued from the depths of the sea, the Japanese raised at Port Arthur alone no fewer than four great battleships (the Peresviet, the Poltava, the Retvizan and the Pobieda), two cruisers (the Bayan and the Palada), two gunboats and one destroyer, a total of nine war vessels, of 64,669 tons, and seven merchant ships, of 14,982 tons. At Chemulpo, also, they raised the cruiser Variag, 6,500 tons, and the merchant steamer Sungari, 1,415 tons. At [illegible] they raised the steamer Nagatan, [illegible] tons. They are now at work on the Novik and four gunboats, but the result is still problematic.

They also captured, without sinking, the two battleships Orel and Nicholas I., two coast defence ships and two destroyers, with a total of 32,786 tons. They captured sixty-four merchant steamers and released fourteen of them, leaving a net capture of fifty, of 121,239 tons. Thus they gained by capture and salvage a gross total of sixteen warships of 103,955 tons, and fifty-nine merchant steamers of 138,439 tons. Against these must be set their losses of twelve warships of 46,025 tons, and thirty-five merchant steamers of 35,652 tons. Thus the net gain to Japan in shipping as a result of the war was four warships of [illegible] tons and twenty-four merchant steamers of 82,786 tons. This alone would be a considerable increase of Japan's sea power.

But the [illegible] is by no [illegible] content with that, nor is it waiting to see what other powers are going to do, nor slackening its naval construction because some others appear to be so doing. We have hitherto spoken of the two large battleships of 16,500 tons each now being finished for Japan in England, which will rank among the most formidable vessels in the world. But they are not all. Japan is doing better than that at home. In one of her own yards she is building two more, of 18,000 tons each, which will decidedly outclass the English built monsters, and perhaps be the most formidable battleships in the world. She is also building at home four of those heavily armed and armored cruisers for which her navy has been noted—vessels of 14,000 tons each, carrying ten-inch or twelve-inch guns, and able to hurl themselves through the water at twenty-four knots an hour. She is likewise building two smaller cruisers and twenty-eight destroyers, a total under construction of thirty-eight vessels of 149,520 tons. Thus by the end of next year the Japanese navy will comprise—not counting almost innumerable torpedo boats and submarines, which she turns out by the dozen—no fewer than 119 ships of 472,634 tons. These will mostly be strictly modern vessels of the highest grade of efficiency. Such an array will make her a strong competitor for the third place among the naval powers of the world.—New York Tribune.

Gazette Want Ads

Do the work quickly and satisfactorily.

5 cents per line of six words per day.
$1.00 per line of six words per month.

GAZETTE BRANCH OFFICES:

Cash advertisements can be left at any of the following branches at regular rates before 8 o'clock in the evening and will receive insertion in the next morning's paper:

BUTCHER DRUG CO., Cor. Pike's Peak and Nevada Aves.
PLAZA PHARMACY, Tejon and Cache la Poudre.
BISSELL-MACY DRUG CO., 403 S. Tejon St.
SEVENTH STREET PHARMACY, 1504 Colorado Avenue.
C. M. SHERMAN, Confectionery, 421 Colorado Ave., Colorado City.
W. M. LENNON & CO., Druggists, 106 Canon Ave., Manitou.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

[illegible] and [illegible] and your friends in time of need. Fair dealing and [illegible] The oldest and most reliable loan office in the city. M. K. MEYERS LOAN OFFICE, 29 East Huerfano St.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Hundreds of graduates wanted [illegible] this territory [illegible] Wages. Few weeks completes [illegible] expenses [illegible] waiting. Catalogue free. Moler Barber College, Denver, Colo.

DO you want agents? Classified advertising will get them quicker and cheaper than any other method. Write for our special bulletins of "sure pullers." The Cramer-Krasselt Co., [illegible] Grand avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED—Young man to work in wall paper store; one that [illegible] experience preferred. Apply at 111 N. Tejon St.

WANTED—Six carpenters, four teams and six laborers, to exchange work for desirable real estate; part cash paid. The Hastings-Allen Co., 22 N. Tejon St.

BEST help furnished free. Orders filled promptly. National Employment, 20 S. Tejon.

DON'T WANT YOU TO FREEZE—You can get overcoats from $2.50 up at M. K. Myers' loan office, 29 E. Huerfano st.

BATHS—15 cents at Laclede, all hours. Phone Red 1082, 22½ E. Pike's Peak.

RELIABLE milker. F. M. Young, 1 mile east Prospect Lake.

TOMMY AND THANKSGIVING.

Governor Folk of Missouri was talking about reform.

"We all believe in it," he said, "but we want to see it brought about at other folks' expense. We are like, too like, a certain Kansas City boy. This boy's mother said to him on her return from a long day's shopping in the Thanksgiving season:

"'Now, I hope my little Tommy has taken to heart mamma's talk of last night about charity and unselfishness. Since he has few troubles of his own, I hope he has thought of others' troubles all day long. Since he has many causes for thanksgiving himself, I hope he has tried to give cause for thanksgiving to others. What is my Tommy's report for the day? How many acts of kindness has he done? How much woe has he lightened? How many hearts has my Tommy made grateful and glad?'

"In this rather mushy way spoke the good young mother. And her Tommy replied:

"'I have done a whole lot of good, ma. I gave your new hat to a beggar woman, and I gave the cook's shoes to a little girl in busted rubbers what I seen on the street, and I gave a poor lame shoestring seller pa's black evening suit, the open-front one that he hardly ever wears.'"—New York Tribune.

A NIGHT ALARM

Worse than an alarm of fire at night is the brassy cough of croup, which sounds like the children's death knell and it means death unless something is done quickly. Foley's Honey and Tar never fails to give instant relief and quickly cures the worst forms of croup. Mrs. P. L. Cordier, of Mannington, Ky., says: "My three year old girl had a severe case of croup, the doctor said she could not live. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar, the first dose gave quick relief and saved her life." Foley's Honey and Tar is best for croup and whooping cough, contains no opiates and cures quickly. Careful mothers keep it in the house. Refuse substitutes. For sale by The Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

SOME TEXAS WINTER RATES via COLORADO & SOUTHERN.

Ft. Worth	$29.35
Dallas	29.35
San Antonio	41.10
Galveston	42.20
Houston	40.20

Good returning till June 1st. On sale every day until April 30th. Get information and tickets at C. & S. City office, No. 119 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

MOLES and superfluous hair removed with electricity. Mrs. Anna Blauman, Phone Red [illegible] 27½ Kiowa St.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. [illegible] N. Weber St.

Employment bureau, 204 DeGraff bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Mrs. J. Riding. Phone [illegible]

WANTED SITUATIONS.

LADY wants housekeeping for gentleman. Address [illegible] Gazette.

WANTED MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED EVERYBODY

To see the miniature corner of Underwood ventilating cement building blocks in show window of Robbins, on [illegible] ner.

WANTED—Cast-off clothing, shoes, furniture, in fact, anything. Send postal or phone 475-B. People's Mission, Poor Relief depot, 23 W. Huerfano.

WANTED—To buy furniture of 6 to 10-room house, will lease house. Address Box 904.

WANTED—To rent piano; must be cheap. B 119 Gazette.

DIAMOND, ¾ to 1½ karats. 12 N. Tejon St. Also old gold and silver.

WANTED—TO RENT HOUSES.

WANTED—HOUSES TO RENT.

We ARE making a specialty of renting, having a man who devotes his entire time to the purpose. If you have a desirable property that is vacant, we can rent it for you quick. Try us.

YATES & McCLAIN,
The Hustling Real Estate Firm,
15, 16, 17, 18, 18½, El Paso Bldg.
Phone Main 270.

FURNISHED cottage by responsible party, permanently. Address Fred Chett, 117 S. Corona.

WANT to rent 7-room house, close in, unfurnished; no children. 417 S. Tejon St.

WANTED—Furnished house, 8 or 10 rooms, north, close in. B-123, Gazette.

TO RENT FURNISHED ROOMS

FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms, single or en suite. Electric lights, hot and cold water, etc. 127 E. Bijou St., 2 blocks north Pike's Peak Ave. $10 to $25 per month, resp.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; reasonable. 132 N. Wahsatch.

BEAUTIFUL and refined apartments, single or en suite, strictly modern, central. The Halcyon.

NICELY furnished rooms, in thoroughly modern home, fine location. 713 N. Nevada.

THE MAPLES, 228 North Cascade. Phone black 14. Steam heat, rooms with bath; sleeping porches.

THREE south rooms, furnished for light housekeeping, bath. 314 E. Boulder.

SUNNY front rooms, nicely furnished, modern house. 1120 N. Nevada.

FURNISHED rooms or light housekeeping rooms. 327 N. Cascade Ave.

PLEASANT rooms, furnished. 312 North Nevada.

THE Laclede—Best beat, best location; rooms $2 to $4 week. 22½ E. P. Peak.

THREE housekeeping rooms for rent. 16 E. Boulder.

ELEGANT rooms and sleeping porch. 315 N. Weber St.

TO RENT FURNISHED HOUSES

FIVE-room house, modern, furnished, not for out, $25. Inquire Room 26, Midland Block.

EIGHT ROOM modern furnished, beautiful lawn, shade and garden. 1826 N. Tejon.

NICELY furnished 7-room house, large halls; modern appointments. 315 E. Monument.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

ROOMS and table board. 733 E. Platte. Phone 390 A. Mrs. E. E. Batey.

ROOMS AND BOARD—Table board. Mrs. Walter A. Dunan, 117 N. Nevada.

MISS ABELL,
409 N. Tejon St. Phone 470-B.

LARGE, sunny south room, with alcove, five windows. 809 N. Nevada.

BOARD and room, table board. 28 West Bijou. Phone Black 142. Mrs. Call.

TABLE BOARD. Misses Sheehan, 724 North Nevada Ave. Phone [illegible] A.

ROOM and board. Sleeping porch. The McG[illegible] 718 N. Tejon.

TENT for rent, with or without board. 18 Boulder Crescent.

MISS WOMACK, 432 North Nevada. Phone Black 51.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. SAMPSON, the psychic. [illegible] daily. Test meetings Thur. and Sun. Eve. Satisfaction guaranteed. 20 E. Pike's Peak; upstairs, Empire bldg. Hrs. 10 to 5.

[illegible] THOMPSON, clairvoyant [illegible] [illegible] to 5 [illegible]

TO RENT UNFUR. HOUSES.

FOR RENT—An attractive [illegible] slab cottage, N[illegible] street, Broadmoor [illegible] block from [illegible] Shade trees. $27. Address [illegible] care Gazette.

FOR SALE—[illegible] No. [illegible] cash, balance on monthly [illegible] and see at [illegible] Springs. Price $1,500.

[illegible] house and yard. [illegible]

FOR RENT—Five-room cottage, unfurnished. 304 S. Wahsatch.

6-ROOM house for [illegible] F. Maddocks, 7½ Pike's Peak Ave.

4-ROOM brick, south [illegible] furnished if desired. [illegible]

[illegible] ROOM cottage, modern [illegible] $10 a month.

MONEY TO LOAN.

THE STAR LOAN CO.

ROOM [illegible] FIRST NAT'L BANK BLDG.
PHONE [illegible]

If you are employed in [illegible] MILL, MINE, MANUFACTORY, OFFICE, STORE and NEED MONEY [illegible] All business strictly confidential. Lowest rates in city. [illegible] short. OPPORTUNITY [illegible] WORRY for want of $5.00 to $100, which you can get just on your note and repay in small, easy payments each pay day.

[illegible] if paid before due. Every business courtesy extended.

OLDEST AND MOST RELIABLE.

SALARY LOANS AT HALF RATE AT THE WEEKLY PAYMENT LOAN CO.

If you have a permanent position, you can borrow money on your personal note. No mortgage or indorsers required.

Amount	Mthly.	Semi-Mo.	Wkly.
$50.00 Repay	$12.50	$6.50	$3.30
30.00 Repay	7.50	[illegible]	[illegible]
15.00 Repay	3.75	1.85	.90

All business strictly confidential.

CHATTEL LOANS

on easy weekly payments at much lower rates than you can get elsewhere. Room 212 Colorado Bldg. Phone 741-B.

TO LOAN
Money at 5 and 6 per cent, on real estate; no delay.
W. W. WILLIAMSON.
Member Colorado Springs Real Estate Exchange.
Tel. 476-A. 27 N. Tejon St.

WANTED TO LOAN—$2,500 on good real estate security; lowest rates; will loan $1,000 if desired. Call mornings 9 o'clock.
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Suite 26-27, Midland Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD CHATTELS. TERMS TO SUIT BORROWER.
WOLFE & BELL.
ROOM 4, P. O. BLDG.

CHATTEL LOANS at low rates, no commission; real estate loans. 21 P. O. bldg.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE

$[illegible] A [illegible] north end home of [illegible] good rooms, everything [illegible] and [illegible] first-class condition. Corner lot, 100 feet square, good location and good surroundings.

$[illegible] Also, brand new beautiful modern home of [illegible] large rooms and reception [illegible] located close to the college. Good sized south front lot, good cellar and all other necessary improvements. We could accept a [illegible] property as part [illegible]

$[illegible] We will sell at this price a neat brick [illegible] cottage with good [illegible] south front lot, small barn and chicken house. We can sell this on easy terms.

$[illegible] Two story large [illegible] room cottage, with bath, range, etc.; large lot, large shade trees, good lawn and [illegible] We can sell this on very reasonable terms.

SEE US FOR BARGAINS.

C. S. TYLER & CO.

[illegible] Tejon. [illegible]

$125 CASH, $16 PER MONTH

pays for a [illegible] modern cottage of eight rooms, bath, cellar, furnace, fireplace, etc.

$35 CASH, $14 PER MONTH

including interest and the payments on a cottage of three rooms, bath and large cellar.

$20 CASH, $8 PER MONTH

including interest pays for a good two-room cottage with lot [illegible] Price $475.

THE HASTINGS-ALLEN REALTY AND BUILDING CO.

22 N. Tejon St.

$2,650—5-room house, modern except heat, full size lot, south front, Colorado avenue; cement walks; iron fence, nice condition.

$[illegible]—5-room, fully modern house, south front, north, ¼ block from car line.

$4,000—8-room, fully modern house and a 4-room cottage, modern except heat, on car line, 2 blocks from college. Nice condition. Owner wants cash, submit offer.

We Write Fire Insurance. We Make Real Estate Loans.

ADAMS & WILLIAMS.
Tel. 451B. 113½ N. Tejon St.

A SNAP AT $4,250

7-room house, fully modern; hot water heat; hot and cold water in bedrooms. Built by day labor. Lot 100x150. Beautiful view of mountains.

$35,000 to loan at 5 and 6 per cent.

MATTHEW KENNEDY.
113 E. Kiowa St.

LOT 50 by 190 and small house, cheap. 826 South Nevada Ave.

If it wasn't important enough to

ADVERTISE

it's not important enough to worry about.
And if it was ADVERTISED you will not have to worry about it [illegible] in any event

Don't Worry!

Use Gazette Want Ads.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

CARRIAGES and wagons repaired at lowest prices. Rubber tires a specialty. All work guaranteed. Hemenway's Carriage and Repair Shop, 25 S. Cascade.

WANTED—Phaeton, in exchange for runabout; will pay difference. Call at Slinker's barn, 426 S. Tejon.

GOOD horses bought and sold at Antlers Livery Barn. Wm. G. McNeal.

FOR SALE—Heavy team, wagon, harness. Phone 1096 B. Call 105 E. Kiowa.

FOR SALE RANCHES.

NOW is the time to grasp a good opportunity. Buy land at $1.75 per acre; can't get it for any less money anywhere else or find anything that compares in location, etc. Investigate and verify our advice. Union Pac. Land Agy., 1025 17th St.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. G. W. PAULY and wife, graduates Still's college, Kirksville, Mo., under founder of Osteopathy. [illegible] De Graff Bldg., 116 N. Tejon. Phones Red 1772, [illegible] Best-equipped office, [illegible]

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

IRON BEDS, springs, mattresses, cots, couches, all new, cheap for cash or to exchange for old furniture at Effinger's, 120 E. Cucharras.

THOROUGHBRED, Barred Rock pullets, three high scoring cockerels; this stock cheap. 1116 East Monument St.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—Small dairy, 12 cows, in town, good buildings, paying well. Call 117 E. Bijou.

CASH paid for 2nd hand furniture at Effinger's, 120 E. Cucharras.

FOR SALE—Small eight horse-power upright steam engine. C[illegible] Must be sold. Address E. care Gazette.

FOR SALE—One 12-horse power single [illegible] motor; good condition, cheap. Must be sold. Address Motor, care Gazette.

CHICKEN houses, thoroughbred [illegible] Leghorns, [illegible] extension table. Leffingwell, Adams Crossing.

FOR SALE—Old papers, 10c per [illegible] at the [illegible]

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE
A BUSINESS SNAP
COTTEN & TERRILL

ONE OF THE BEST AND CLEANEST MILLINERY STOCKS IN COLORADO SPRINGS. WILL INVOICE NEARLY $3,000. FINE LOCATION. WE CAN SELL THE STOCK AND FIXTURES FOR $2,000 IF TAKEN AT ONCE.

COTTEN & TERRILL

No. 23½ North Tejon Street,
Colorado Springs, Colorado.

MONEY WANTED

We have a client who wishes to borrow $1,000 on security worth over $5,000, at 7 per cent interest.

We also have a $1,000 gold bond drawing 6 per cent interest for sale at par. These are both gilt edge propositions.

KOEHLER LOAN & INVESTMENT CO.
Rooms 5 and 6, No. 24 S. Tejon St.

AUCTIONS AND AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE EXTRAORDINARY.

On Tuesday, Feb. 13, 1906, at 10 o'clock, I will sell the entire furnishings of the SEVEN-room house No. 817 North Tejon St., consisting of fine parlor furniture, rockers, tables, chairs, rugs, carpets, fine golden oak sideboard, dining table and chairs, iron beds, bedding and many other things too numerous to mention. All nearly new, including A NEW SHUBERT PIANO AND AN ANGELUS PIANO PLAYER, everything positively sold to highest bidder, as the owner is leaving the city. Do not forget the time or place, Tuesday, February 13, at 10 a. m., at 817 North Tejon St.

J. W. COFFEY, Auctioneer.

J. W. COFFEY & CO., GENERAL AUCTION[illegible] [illegible] Block. [illegible]

TRANSFER AND STORAGE.

[illegible]

FOR SALE REAL ESTATE.

[illegible] FRANKLIN & CO.,
[illegible] E. Pike's Peak Ave.

[illegible] TRADE [illegible]

[illegible] except heat, in the [illegible] to trade for [illegible] property, will assume some incumbrance.

[illegible] FRANKLIN & CO.
[illegible] E. Pike's Peak Ave.

THE SIGN OF THE RED IRON POST.

[illegible]

Will exchange a [illegible] west side real estate [illegible] contract. Do you want to sell? See us. Do you want to buy? See us.

THE HARPER-WARNER AGENCY,
[illegible] Colorado Avenue.

FOR SALE.

[illegible] room house, large lot, close in, cheap [illegible] Price $[illegible] $[illegible] down and $[illegible] per month.

4-room house, large corner lot, close in, south side, $[illegible] $[illegible] down and $10 per month.

[illegible] modern, Bon[illegible] two lots, south end, [illegible] $[illegible] down, balance $[illegible] per month.

[illegible] room house, large corner lot, Roswell, price $[illegible] $[illegible] down, balance $10 per month.

[illegible] room cottage, strictly modern in every respect, extra large lot, price $1,650, on easy terms.

Choice lot, west side, snap at the price, $[illegible], on easy payments.

Ranch of 160 acres, well improved; will sell or trade for Colorado Springs property or will rent March 1st.

S. T. JOHNSON,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
21 S. Tejon St.

ONE [illegible] room house, cellar, water inside; 1 [illegible] room house, two large closets (not in rear). Both rented. [illegible] street, west side. Both $1,250. Terms.

HARPER-WARNER AGENCY,
1012 Colo. Ave.

GROCERY with four living rooms, for sale or trade. Inquire 301 W. Fountain.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

FOR RENT—Baby Grand Steck piano; no children. 1830 N. Tejon.

FOR SALE AUTOMOBILE.

FRANKLIN, 4-cylinder, air-cooled, detachable tonneau, runabout reed hamper, extra tire, tube, valves, plugs, etc.; full lamp equipment including two Rushmore search lights with gas generator; dash speedometer, axle odometer, storm cape, etc. Car in excellent condition—a bargain. If interested communicate B 137, Gazette.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ARE YOU coming to California? Write me. I will arrange for your hotel, rooms, apartments, house, furnished or unfurnished, sell you a home in Long Beach, where property is doubling in value every year. Anything you want in California, write me. H. P. Knight, 335 Bixby Bldg., Long Beach, Cal.

GOING TO CALIFORNIA TO LOCATE? Then you will learn something to your advantage by calling before you go on.
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Suite 26-27, Midland Block.

CHICAGO PORTABLE HOUSE CO. Tel. [illegible] A., 504 W. Huerfano.

FOR SALE FURNITURE.

FOR SALE—Furniture at sacrifice, consisting of highly polished carved oak library table, portieres, rugs, curtains, iron and brass bedsteads, oak writing desk, ice chest, sewing machine, etc. 1925 Wheeler place. Take institute car.

LOST.

LOST—Between Glen Eyrie and Colorado Springs, via Colorado City, Friday afternoon, pair leather gaiters; also large parcel containing fur robe. Return to room 9, Out West Building. $10 reward for return of robe, $2 for gaiters.

PATENTS.

PATENTS obtained; machinery designed. G. B. Price, 230 N. Cascade. Phone 1084B.

WANTED REAL ESTATE.

WANT a bargain in a home. Prefer north. Give location and lowest price or no attention paid. Address B 146, care Gazette.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Colorado Springs Light & Power Company, for the election of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such meeting, will be held at the office of the company, in Colorado Springs, Colorado, at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday, the 13th day of February, 1906.

The stock transfer books will be closed at 12 o'clock, noon, on the 2nd day of February, 1906, and reopened the day after the final adjournment of said meeting.

IRA A. MILLER,
Assistant Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given that a deferred annual meeting of stockholders of the Colorado Title and Trust Company will be held at the office of the company in the city of Colorado Springs, Colorado, on Thursday, the 15th day of February, 1906, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the election of officers and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting. The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of the 5th day of February, 1906, and re-opened on the day after the final adjournment of the meeting.

Dated Colorado Springs, Colorado, January 13th, 1906.

By order of the board of directors.
F. W. STEHR, Secretary.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.
Colorado Springs, Colo., February 10, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The El Paso Consolidated Gold Mining company will be held at the office of the company, suite 68 Mining Exchange building, Colorado Springs, Colo., on Monday, March 12, A. D. 1906, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and such other and further business as may properly come before said meeting.

The books for the transfer of stock will close on Thursday, March 1, [illegible] and reopen on [illegible] March 13, [illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICES

DON'T INVEST

In anything until you have read the new

BUYERS BULLETIN

It records a note of financial emancipation.

FREE FOR A POSTAL CARD.

It shows a safe and certain road to wealth along the copper, gold and industrial highways. It shows how anyone with some money may rapidly [illegible] by methods similar to those used by the richest men in the country. To read this BULLETIN is to learn how to make money. It is all about making money—actually making money. It tells you things you can not afford to be ignorant of. IF YOU HAVE $25, FOR SURE, MONEY THAN YOU HAVE NOW.

Sent FREE on REQUEST. Address
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Suite 26-27 Midland Block.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE.

No.	NORTH, FOR DENVER.	
16	From Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, Leadville and Glenwood	4:45 am
6	From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast	[illegible]
8	From Pueblo	9:05 am
12	From St. Louis, K. C., Pueblo	[illegible]
2	From St. Louis & Pac. Coast	2:36 pm
10	From Pueblo and Canon City	5:35 pm
14	From Trinidad and Pueblo	6:10 pm
4	From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast	7:20 pm
	SOUTH AND WEST FROM DENVER.	
15	For Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, and Leadville	12:25 am
5	For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast	11:05 am
1	For Salt Lake, St. Louis and Pacific Coast	12:05 pm
13	For Pueblo	[illegible]
9	For Canon City and Pueblo	4:10 pm
7	For Pueblo, Alamosa, Durango	5:30 pm
11	For Wen. City and St. Louis	7:05 pm
3	For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast	10:35 pm

No.	Lv. Co's Sts.	No.	Lv. Manitou
42	7:00 am	44	8:30 am
45	10:45 am	46	11:30 am
47	5:00 pm	48	[illegible] pm

MANITOU BRANCH TRAINS.

For Pueblo	7:10 pm
For Pueblo	[illegible]

Trains arrive from Denver, 6:25, 10:05, [illegible]

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.

No.	WEST BOUND.	Leaves.
5	Colorado, Utah, Pacific Coast Limited. Santa Fe-C. & S. depot.	12:05 pm
11	Cripple Creek and Ute Pass Express. D. & R. G. depot.	7:10 pm
3	Colorado, Utah, Pacific Coast Limited. Santa Fe-C. & S. depot.	11:30 pm
No.	EAST BOUND.	Arrives.
6	From Colorado, Utah, Pacific Coast. Santa Fe depot.	7:05 am
2	From Cripple Creek & Ute Pass. D. & R. G. depot.	10:30 am
4	From Pacific Coast, Utah, Colorado. Santa Fe depot.	6:40 pm

All trains to and from Cripple Creek district leave from and arrive at D. & R. G. depot. Other trains arrive and leave from Santa Fe depot. Ticket office No. 9 North Tejon street.

C. S. BROWNE,
General Agent.

SANTA FE.

November 12, 1905.
Union Station, East Pike's Peak Ave.

No.	NORTH, FOR DENVER.	
6	From Chicago and California	6:55 am
13	From Colorado Midland	7:25 am
15	Denver Express	[illegible]
607	Denver Express	11:55 am
1	From Texas	1:35 pm
603	From Pueblo and East	3:25 pm
3	Denver Ex. from Cripple Ck.	[illegible]
11	From Colorado Midland	7:35 pm
	EAST BOUND AND CALIFORNIA.	
60	For Chicago and Kan. City	6:40 am
4	For Pueblo	10:10 am
12	To Colorado Midland Ry.	11:40 am
2	For Pueblo	2:30 pm
602	California Lim. and Chicago	6:35 pm
14	For Pueblo	7:10 pm
5	For Chicago, K. C., El Paso	10:35 pm
16	To Colorado Midland Ry.	11:30 pm

C. C. HOYT, City Passenger Agent, 18 North Tejon street. A. E. FORD, Depot Agent, Colorado Springs.

COLORADO & SOUTHERN.

NORTH BOUND.	
For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins	6:55 am
For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins	7:25 am
For Denver, Boulder, Kan. City, St. Louis and East	10:25 am
For Denver	11:55 am
For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins, Omaha, Chicago and East	1:25 pm
For Denver, Kan. City, St. Louis	3:25 pm
For Denver, Omaha, Chicago, Kan. City, St. Louis and East	6:05 pm
For Denver	7:05 pm
SOUTH BOUND.	
For Pueblo	6:40 am
For Pueblo	10:10 am
For Pueblo, Trinidad, Ft. Worth	2:30 pm
For Pueblo	6:55 pm
For Pueblo	7:10 pm
For Pueblo	10:30 [illegible]

Trains arrive from Denver, 6:30, 10:[illegible], 11:40 a. m., and 2:25, 6:35, 7:05, 10:30 and 11:30 p. m.

Trains arrive from the south, 6:35, 10:15, 11:45 a. m., 1:30, 3:30, 6:05 p. m.

Ticket office No. 119 E. Pike's Peak Ave. Co[illegible] in and ask questions.

J. H. SPRINGER, C. A.

ROCK ISLAND SYSTEM.

No.	LEAVE COLORADO SPRINGS.	
42	Rocky Mt. Lim. to Chicago	10:40 am
6	Vestibuled Lim. Chi. via Omaha	9:40 [illegible]
8	Colorado Flyer, Kan. City, St. Joe, St. Louis, Chicago	2:30 pm
28	For Kan. City, Memphis, Jacksonville, Fla., and St. Louis	7:55 pm
5	Limited to Pueblo	[illegible]
9	Limited to Pueblo	11:30 am
41	To Pueblo	9:45 pm
	ARRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS.	
5	Vestibuled Lim. from Chicago	7:00 [illegible]
27	From St. Louis and Kan. City	8:35 a[illegible]
9	Colorado Flyer, from Kan. City, St. Joe, Omaha, St. Louis	11:30 am
41	Rocky Mountain Limited	9:40 pm

Through sleepers and chair cars on all trains; dining cars for all meals.

W. W. WOOD, C. P. A.
2 Pike's Pike Ave.

THE CRIPPLE CREEK [illegible]

[illegible]

Via Colo. Midland Out of C[illegible]

No.	WEST BOUND.	
111	Leave Col[illegible] Arrive Cripple C[illegible]	[illegible]
	EAST BOUND.	
1	Leave Cripple C[illegible] Arrive Col[illegible] Springs	[illegible]

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

Arrive
10:25 am—St. Louis, Sedalia, K. C., St. Joe, [illegible] Leavenworth, [illegible] and [illegible] Springs, [illegible] fly [illegible]
2:05 pm—Fast Mail, St. L[illegible] [illegible] K. C., St. Joe, Atchison, L[illegible]

[illegible]

THE DICKEY GROCERY AND BAKING CO.

94 N. TEJON ST. Phones Main 84, Main 247.

You Are Looking

For the best value for your money. When you buy Dickey's Home-Made Bread you get full value, as we use nothing but the highest grade of materials and employ the best of skilled labor.

Tuesday Prices

Candy Specials

1 lb. Fancy Cream Chocolate (reg. 30c)	20c
1 lb. Fancy Peanut Candy (reg. 20c)	15c
1 lb. Fancy Cocoanut Candy (reg. 20)	15c
1 lb. Wrapped Caramels (reg. 15)	10c

1 box Choice Navel Oranges $2.50

Honeysuckle Hams, per lb.	12½c	50 lbs. Union Pacific Flour	$1.35
Fancy Bacon, per lb.	15c	50 lbs. Yost Flour	$1.30
7 large Salt Herring	25c	50 lbs. Nonpareil Flour	$1.05
1 large ral Mackerel	10c	25-lb. sack Corn Meal	40c
1 extra Fancy Mackerel	20c	10-lb. sack Corn Meal	20c
1 lb. Fancy Codfish Middles	20c	Shinola Shoe Blacking	9c
7 lbs. Fancy Mexican Beans	25c	Shinola Brush and Dauber	15c
5 lbs. Fancy Navy Beans	25c	1 pkg. Jet Oil Polish	10c
4 lbs. Baby Navy Beans	25c	3-lb. jar Heinz Apple Butter	40c
3 cans Lima Beans	25c	7 cans Domestic Sardines	25c
3 cans Empson's Hominy	25c	1 large pkg. Gold Dust	23c
3 cans De Nice Pumpkin	25c	4 lbs. Good Prunes	25c
3 cans Good String Beans	25c	3 lbs. Choice Prunes	25c
3 cans Mohawk Corn	25c	2 lbs. Fancy Prunes	25c
1 gal. Peeled Peaches	40c	1 lb. Choice Dried Apricots	15c
1 gal. New York Apples	30c	1 lb. Choice Dried Peaches	15c

7 bars Lennox, White Russian, Walker's Family, Lighthouse soap 25c

½-lb. can Baker's Cocoa	21c	½-lb can Ghiradelli Chocolate	18c
1-lb. cake Baker's Chocolate	32c	1-lb can Ghiradelli Chocolate	33c

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JUST ARRIVED

Our advance line of Spring Shirts

$1.00. $1.25. $1.50. $2.00

Rafield

111 EAST PIKE'S PEAK AVE.

DAILY WEATHER RECORD.

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado College weather bureau for 42 hours ending at 6 o'clock p. m.

Temperature at 6 a. m.	27
Temperature at 12 m.	47
Temperature at 6 p. m.	39
Maximum temperature	49
Minimum temperature	[illegible]
Mean temperature	35
Max. bar. pres., inches, 12 m.	23.87
Min. bar. pres., inches, 6 p. m.	23.84
Max. vel. of wind per hour	12
Min. vel. of wind per hour	7
Relative humidity at noon	25
Dew point at noon	22
Precipitation in inches	0

City Briefs

Use the people of Ashby's spectacles

FINELY furnished rooms at Y. M. C. A.

MASQUERADE costumes for K. P. party at 427 East Platte.

WILL MEET—Balanced Rock hive No. 55, L. O. T. M., will meet today at 2:30 o'clock in the K. P. hall.

ELKS DANCE—Colorado Springs lodge No. 309, B. P. O. E., will give one of its series of winter dances Thursday night at the club house. The Elks orchestra will furnish the music.

FUNERAL—The funeral of Mrs. Susan Berry, who died Friday at the age of 45 years, will be held from St. John's Baptist church this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in Evergreen cemetery.

SPRINGS PICNIC—On Washington's birthday, February 22, former citizens of Colorado Springs now living at Long Beach, Cal., will picnic together. M. B. Irvine, former mayor of this city, is in charge of the arrangements for the affair, which will be exclusively for former Springs people.

NOW AN EDITOR—Eugene P. Booze, manager of the Colorado Springs Mercantile company, has taken charge of the Western Enterprise, the official paper of the State Negro Business league. Mr. Booze will give up his interest in the Mercantile company's grocery store.

BUILDING PERMITS.—Inspector Geo. M. Young has issued building permits as follows: L. K. Brown, frame residence of six rooms and bath at 2128 North Nevada, to cost $2,000; Wm. F. Carroll, frame addition of two rooms at 304 East Bijou street, to cost $400; frame barn in rear, to cost $350.

AMUSEMENTS

ALBERTA GALLATIN IN "COUSIN KATE."

Miss Alberta Gallatin, who appears at the Opera house on next Monday evening in "Cousin Kate," has had a career of which she may well be proud. Since the day of her first performance on the stage her rise to the top rungs of the ladder has been gradual and very appreciable. In the earlier years of her life on the stage she demonstrated to the best actors of the day that she was possessed of wonderful talent and ability and she had been a member of the profession but a short year until she began playing the leads with such people as Booth and Barrett, Joseph Jefferson, Mrs. Fiske, E. H. Sothern, Richard Mansfield and Thos. Keene. She was the leading lady for each one of the latter three gentlemen, an honor for which thousands of actresses have striven without success. Feeling that her experience with actors of such magnitude and her natural ability had fitted her for greater things than leads, Miss Gallatin was persuaded by energetic managers to star in her own accord and for the past four seasons has been seen in "Nell Gwynn," Ibsen's "Ghosts," "As You Like It" and "A Clean Slate." This season she has been very fortunate in picking out a play exceptionally well suited to her natural temperament. "Cousin Kate" is one of the most charming society comedies ever staged and met with almost unprecedented success at the Hudson theater, New York, for an entire season and also for a season in London.

CHRONIC PAINS.

Those who suffer pain from chronic ailments will find that Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve the suffering. After the first trial they will "wonder how they ever managed to get along without them." If first package fails to benefit, your money back. Sold by druggists. 25 doses 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.

WANTED—Apprentice to learn art needlework. Stamping done. Materials for sale, and lessons given. Room 429 DeGraff building. Mrs. E. A. Crapsey.

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Expert optical work at reasonable prices. Fine Jewelry and Silverware at

LAUTERMAN'S

121 N. Tejon St. Phone Black 233

"I would rather have this one book than a thousand 49c books bought at a haberdashers!"

A number of Roycroft and other choice books suitable for Valentine gifts to be had at the

BOOKLOVER'S STORE

113 N. Tejon St.,
Colorado Springs.

Established (with the town) 1871.

HENRY LeB. WILLS.
ELLIS L. SPACKMAN.
EDWARD W. KENT.

Out West Building

HENRY LeB. WILLS & CO

Member Colorado Springs Real Estate Exchange.

For Sale — Modern House of seven rooms on North Nevada Avenue; corner facing South, ... $3,000

Houses For Rent.

STATE FORESTER WILL ADDRESS WOMAN'S CLUB

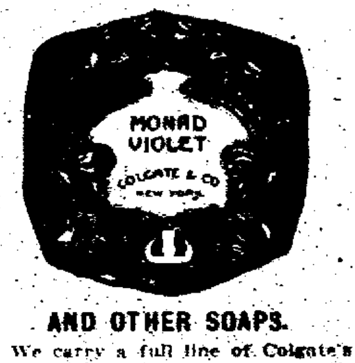
Enos A. Mills, state forester, will address the general meeting of the Woman's club on the subject of "Forestry" in the G. A. R. hall at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon. The meeting will be in charge of the social science department of the club. State Forester Mills has spent many years in study, has written of his researches extensively and embodied much valuable information in his addresses. He is living in Estes Park.

"Silver Cream"

There is one polish that contains neither acid, ammonia, grit or other injurious substances. The choicest gold, silver or cut glass can be polished with perfect safety; its name is Wright's Silver Cream.

W. N. BURGESS

112 and 114 N. Tejon St.



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Not the ordinary lace and paper ones, but artistic and inexpensive gifts of appropriate designs.

Many useful and decorative things in heart and cupid patterns, which daintily voice the sentiment of St. Valentine's Day. A window full of these substantial tokens on display.

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The Optical Jeweler

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THE KIND THAT HEALS.
WILL NOT TURN RANCID.

Miss Dorothy Morton says:

Antlers Pharmacy,
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Dear Sirs—While in Colorado Springs playing in "Glittering Gloria," I bought a small jar of cold cream from you—the purity of which surprised me, as I have used all American and European makes. I send you this unsolicited testimonial in appreciation of same.

Most cordially,
DOROTHY MORTON
Starring "Glittering Gloria Co."
Boyd's Opera House,
Omaha, Neb.
Dec. 15, 1904.

The Antler's Pharmacy Company

TELEPHONE 424-B.

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Family Grocer

Phone Main 151.
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Have you ever tried our Java and Mocha Coffee, the finest in town; only, per lb. 35c

My Basket Fired Japan Tea is the finest imported; my price 60c usually sold at 75c by other dealers.

This will be about your last Chance to buy Starbeam Sugar Corn at 4 for 25c

Lay in a supply now.

16 lbs. Granulated Sugar	1.00
100 lbs. Colorado Flour	2.05
6-lb. pkgs. Seeded Raisins	25c
2 Cans Red Alaska Salmon	25c
3 lbs. Fancy Dates	25c
6 lbs. Buckwheat Flour	25c
6 lbs. Steel Cut Oatmeal	25c
5-lb. pkg. Coupon Oats	21c

I have still a few quart bottles French Pitted Cherries left; this is a great bargain, for 30c

1 Can Barrington Hall Coffee 38c

Wherever Our Cold Cream

has been used it has made friends and customers. Have you ever used it? You take no chances. WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

25c, 35c and 50c Jars.

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Successors to THE MILLER-BUTCHER DRUG CO.

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Corner Pike's Peak and Nevada Aves.,
Colorado Springs, Colo.

Gentlemen—Inclosed please find order for (50c) fifty cents. Please send at an early date one jar of Cold Cream. Same as you sent Mrs. C. M. Clay of Kankakee, Ill., to the following address and oblige.

119 B. Normal Parkway, Chicago, Ill. MRS. C. W. MOGG.

THE KEYSTONE

112 South Tejon St. Telephone No. 136

Soap Sale

Our big Soap-Sale will be continued all day Tuesday for the benefit of those who were unable to get waited on during the rush Monday. Come early and buy liberally while these money-saving prices are on.

M. O. WUETT & BRO.

GLOBE GROCERY AND MARKET.

Phone, 1107-A. 725 S. Sierra Madre.

8 Swift's Pride Soap	23c
7 Lennox Soap	23c
7 Diamond C Soap	23c
6 White Russian Soap	23c
6 Water White Soap	23c
6 Crystal White Soap	23c
6 Borax Naptha Soap	23c
6 A. B. Naptha Soap	23c
3 Fairy Soap	23c
5 Ivory Soap	23c
5 Tar Soap	23c
7 Toilet Soap	23c
6 Soap Powder	23c
4 pkgs. Gloss Starch	23c

100 lbs. Granulated Sugar	$5.25
100 lbs. Spuds	$1.10
100 lbs. Nonpariel Flour	$2.10
100 lbs. Pride of Rockies Flour	$2.15
100 lbs. White or Yellow Meal	$1.50
100 lbs. Oats	$1.25
100 lbs. Kaffir Corn	$1.25
100 lbs. Whole Corn	$1.25
100 lbs. Cracked Corn	$1.25
100 lbs. Corn Chop	$1.25
100 lbs. Bran	$1.15
100 lbs. Wheat	$1.50
1 box Oranges	$2.65
1 box Bellefleur Apples	$1.50

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We are not a new firm in Colorado Springs and when we support and recommend Digesto Coffee you can rely on its merit.

DIGESTO COFFEE

is not a substitute for coffee. It is **Pure Coffee** with the harmful caffeine and tannin removed; of delicious flavor; free from chaff and dirt; devoid of unpleasant after effects and does not produce sleeplessness.

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Shortest Route.
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Very low WINTER TOURIST RATES to points East and South

$48.90 to Jacksonville, Fla., and return

Tickets on sale daily. Return limit May 31, 1906.

Through Standard Pullman Sleepers, Through Tourist Pullman Sleepers, through Free Reclining Chair Cars, and through high back seat coaches to KANSAS CITY AND ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI. Through Tourist Pullman Sleepers to CHICAGO, BOSTON and points East.

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New Suiting Silks

Always first to show new goods is the policy of the Giddings store. Our showing of new wash goods was several weeks in advance of other stores, also new dress goods, white goods, embroideries, hosiery, etc. Today we announce the first complete showing of spring suiting silks.

There are all the new grays that will be so popular this season in plain, neat stripes, checks and mixture effects. The metal effects, the stylish black and white stripes, brocade effects, neat checks, etc., in all the new colors. Shrewd buyers will begin to select the choicest patterns. Will you be among them?

The prices range at $1.00, $1.25, $1.35, $1.50.

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REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE COLORADO SAVINGS BANK

OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO,
AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS JANUARY 29TH, 1906.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts	$243,541.45	Capital stock	$50,[illegible]
Furniture and fixtures	9,300.00	Surplus	10,[illegible]
Bonds and warrants	23,705.23	Undivided profits	8,74[illegible]
Cash and due from banks	169,723.84	Deposits	371,526.[illegible]
	$440,273.52		$440,273.52

THE COLORADO TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY

CAPITAL, $300,000. SURPLUS, $50,000.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—President, J. Arthur Connel; Vice Presidents H. G. Lunt, E. P. Shove, L. E. Curtis; Secretary and Treasurer, F. W. Stehr; Assistant Secretary, F. M. McMahon—J. G. Shields, C. M. MacNeill, F. G. Peck, P. B. Stewart, I. W. Bonbright, R. P. Davie, Henry Hine, Spencer Penrose, D. B. Fairley, H. C. Hall, E. J. Ulrich, C. P. Dodge.

Pays Interest on Savings and Trust Accounts

EL PASO NATIONAL BANK

OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Capital $250,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits $100,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS—William S. Jackson, Pres.; C. C. Hemming, Vice P.; C. L. Hemming, Cashier; Gen. William J. Palmer, Asa T. Jones, E. P. Shove, H. H. Blackmer, C. H. White, O. L. Godfrey, E. J. Eaton, Henry LeB. Wills, Thos. J. Fisher, S. H. Mansfield, O. E. Hemenway, Geo. S. Elstun, Colorado Springs, Colo.; B. F. Edwards, W. H. Thompson, J. C. Van Blarcom, St. Louis, Mo.

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OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

Capital Stock $100,000.00
Surplus $200,000.00

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